## CONDENSED TELEGRAPH.

Gold closed in New York yesterday at The store of W. B. Morris, at Coshoc ton, was burned to-day by the explosion of a barrel of coal oil. Morris was fatally

Tuesday's express train from Philadel phia for Atlantic City was thrown from the track by the washing away of a culvert. The engineer, John Hutchinson, was scalded to death, and the fireman severe-ly scalded. No passengers were injured: The Arizona arrived at New York, yes erday, from Panama. She brings \$463,92

Hon. W. P. Howland was sworn into office as Lieutenant Governor of Ontario. The tug F. W. Notter capsized and sunk at the mouth of the river at Cleveland yesterday. A fireman named Welgeruiz was drowned. John Witzel was badly scalded by escaping steam.

The case of Lombard ve. Sloux City The case of Lombard ws. Sloux Chy Railroad came up yesterday in the Su-preme Court of New York. On motion to dismiss the complaint, for want of ju-risdiction, the plaintiff being a non-resi-dent and the corporation foreign to this State, the decision was reserved.

Three small boys named Fennerly, Cal-lihan and McNamara are missing from Jersey City and are supposed to have been drowned, having last been seen in a

One case of tholera occurred in New York City on Tuesday, and one in Brooklyn. rested on the arrival of an English steamer at New York, on Tuesday, on a charge of murder recently committed in Ireland. Hon. Reverdy Johnson was banquetted

by the citizens of Annapolis on Tuesday night. A large number were present, and he made a formal speech complimentary to his native place. The Sangerfest at Reading, Pennsylvania, is largely attended by organizations from all parts of the State. A large torch light procession was formed by them Tuesday evening, and after a parade were welcomed to the city by Mayor Chrand

A quarrel occurred between the memhere of a negro excursion party on board the steamer Ajax at Savannah, Georgia, on Tuesday. Four negroes were danger-ously stabbed, and a drunken negro fell overboard and was drowned.

A poisoning case is reported at the Paterson, N. J., Alms House,

Several laborers and hands have died in the Poughkeepsie brick yards during the past week from sun stroke. At a meeting of the bricklayers of New York, on Thursday evening, five thousand dollars was received from the Union the Court Martial have not yet been set in Powerklasensia five thousand from in Poughkeepsie, five thousand from Boston working men, and two thousas from Hartford. Several men were sent to Peekskill, Providence and Boston, and a large number were engaged by con-tractors of New York ('ity. 'Three addi-Fourteen thousand pounds of lime have

been distributed about New York city by the Board of Health. The new Pacific mail steamer Arna is to be launched at New York to-day. Joseph Meiks, an old merchant, and

one of the founders of Tammany Hall The strike of the bricklayers of New York is virtually ended. Only sixty men are now idle, and it is believed all who

William Cramer, a colporteur, was found murdered in the Bowery, New York, yesterday morning. Joseph Solo-mon, a saloon keeper at Patterson, New Jersey, was arrested as the supposed

The town of Gravesend has obtained an Injunction in the Supreme Court, against Quarantine Company taking the title to a portion of Coney Island for a station.

The New Jersey Democratic State Convention organized with Colonel G. S. Carman, as Chairman. Resolutions were adopted indersing the Democratic National nominations and platform. A. F. Randolph was nominated for Governor, and a full electoral ticket was selected including the Rev. D. Vrom, and adopted. There was a large ratification

meeting held last night. The Fenian Congress was in secret sesat Redian Congress was in secret session at Buffalo yesterday, and representatives from all parts of the country are present. Much speculation is included in relative to the business of this Congress. The sessions are secret and are gress. The sessions are secret, and armed sentinels guard the doors. A Feniar picnic is advertised for the day after to-

A Cricket match between the commenced Tuesday morning, and at sun set the score stood of and 62; total 129 for both innings of the Boston Club. The St. Georges made in their first inning 93

on their second inning to win the game. Advices from St. Thomas to the 16th inst., report the arrival of Mr. Valen-tine, from Venezuela, as agent of General Monagro, to purchase schooners, ammu-nition, etc., for the flew government. The American Minister to Venezuela had gr-American Minister to Venezuela had arrived, having been compelled to leave for fear of life. He was to embark soon for Washington. The followers of Cabral on the island were making active preparather island. The President nominated to the Senate Charles Peters, Naval Officer at New tions for a descent on St. Domingo. A violent cyclone visited Barbadoes on the night of the 10th. Vessels were dashed to pieces and several lives lost.

Panama advices state, that the revolu-tion does not make any progress, and is supported only by its instigators. A de-cree ordering the State mittle to be in-creased had been issued, to be distributed in the departments of Aspinwall and Panama. The Provisional President has Panama. The Provisional President has command of the forces, who had started command of the forces, who had started with a detachment to Los Sutos, to quell the disturbance there. The draft in Panama had been suspended. Advices from Bogota to the 5th inst., state that Congress had adjourned. General Santa Costa had been appointed Minister to the United States. No news from any other marter.

American Colony at Jaffa has dwindled der of Abraham Lincoln, which motion down to less than twenty persons, and that Adams and his wife had gone to jury by which it was found was not legal-American Colony at Jaffa has dwindled down to less than twenty persons, and that Adams and his wife had gone to England to endeavor to obtain recruits. Since their departure the charges made against Adams by his deserted disciples are proved to have been well founded. Kate Earl, the accomplice in the murder of the missionary, the Rey Dr. Coffing of the missionary, the Rev. Dr. Coffing, in 1862, was arrested a few days ago in the disguise of a policeman, near Alex-andria, in Northern Lyria, and condemned to the galleys. The principal criminal, Ahmed, was condemned to death.

The subbers who were lynched near Seymouf made full disclosures of their connection with many robberies and murders in that vicinity. The headquarters were at Reno's house, near Rockford, two miles from Seymour. This family was declared to be the originators of numerous murders and highway robberies, and direct participants in nearly all of them, rendering life and property unasfe and holding the peaceful and law abiding citizens in a continual state of fear. John Reno is now in the Missouri penitentiary, two of the other members of the family are under arrest for the robbery of the The Tobbers who were lynched near

two of the other members of the family are under arrest for the robbery of the Adams Express Company, and Frank Hene, the most skillful and adroit assassin of the whole family, is now at Windsor Canada. A large reward will be paid by the officers of the Adams Express Company on the delivery of his body at Seymour, Jackson county, Indiana.

Bill Nelson and Howell Cobb, two negroes, got into a dispute yesterday, on Pidgeon Roost road, Memphis, when the latter drew a razor and the former shothim in the breast, inflicting a severe out the liberties of the people.

It is reported that certain bankers in London have offered \$2,000,000 per year rent for the bay of Samara. IIA

# A Silly Falseheed. The Démocratic National Convention esolved that bouds and other government securities should not be exempt from taxation any more than other properties.

VOLUME XVII.

INDIANAPOLIS, THURSDAY MORNING. JULY 23, 1868.

NUMBER 5,821.

## WASHINGTON.

Establishment Bill.

Arming Southern Negroes as one Full of Peril.

Intense Feeling of Apprehension Declaration of an Ex-Federal General.

Dyer's Request for Trial by Court Martial Granted.

Charges Against Acting Commiss sioner of Patents.

Complaints About Condition of Mount Vernon.

> Etc., Etc. Etc.,

Special to Indianapolis Sentinel. WASHINGTON, Wednesday, July 22.

Mr. Hendricks on Arming the Negroes The adjournment of Congress seems a remote as ever. Hondricks' bomb-shell vesterday scattered the radicals calculations. To-day, he followed up the charge with a battery of stubborn logic which made the Jacobins squirm. Yesterday. Hendricks declared the measure for arm-

ing the Southern negroes was full of peril to the country, and should be resisted by the President with all the constitutional power the Executive possessed. To-day, he replied to Sherman, who claimed that the murders in Texas justified the measure. Hendricks inquired why it was, if that was the only State in which they claimed that outrages had occurred, Texas was omitted from the provisions of the bill.

The Feeling of Apprehension Here is becoming intensified, and the impression is that we are approaching a more serious crisis than the rebellion. The oldest and gravest men speak out their fears. A distinguished ex-General of the Federal army, not now in politics declared to-day that in less then twelve months members of Congress would be hung in their respective chambers. This officer, though lately sympathizing with the Republican party, is satisfied of the fixed determination of his late political associates to overthrow the Government and seize the Executive power. He says the people will first hang the traitors in the Capitol, as the surest means of saving the nation.

General Dyer to be Tried by Court Mar-The Secretary of War has granted General Dyer's request for a trial by Court Inauguration of Governor Bullockand his inquisition on trial, rather than

The Charges against Acting Commis sioner of Patents.

The charge of fraud made against the Acting Commissioner of Patents, in the ignorance. The Acting Commissioner made no contracts, but suspended those made by Theaker until their character could be investigated by the Secretary of

Vernon. Great complaints are being made by visitors to Mount Vernon of the wretched condition they find everything in. Every visitor landed is taxed fifty cents. Hun. dreds of visitors go every week. Who gets the money? Somebody has made a good thing out of Mount Vernon.

Declared his purpose to-day to support the Democratic ticket. He says he never

had any other idea. Bids for Postage Stamps. Only three bids have been received at

the Department for postage stamps-the National Bank Note Company, and Butler, Carpenter & Co., of Philadelphia, The stamps furnished last year amounted to \$380,000,000. [To the Associated Press.]

A Sub-Committee to Examine General Gillem's Report—A Bill Providing for

a Provisional Government for Texas-Nominations Sent to the Senate. The Committee on Reconstruction this morning appointed Paine a sub-committee to examine General Gillem's report. They also appointed a sub-committee to prepare bills, which will be submitted to-morrow, providing for a provisional government for Texas, pending the sitting of the Convention. The intention is

o put United States troops under the control of the Convention. A brother of Governor Hamilton, o Texas, and several others, say such action is necessary, in consequence of numerous outrages on loyal men. The delegates from Texas to the Democratic National Convention deny this statement, and say that they can show contrary to be the

fact.
The Committee on Ways and Means had under consideration to-day the report on the warshouse system. The vote stood four against four. Mr. Logan is absent, but it is understood he will vote against

Charles Peters, Naval Officer at New York; Jacob G. Blair, of West Virginia, Minister Resident at Costa Rica; Alvin Hawkins, of Tennessee, Consul General at Cuba; William F. Hodgeer, Secretary of Idaho Territory, and the following to be Consuls; Reuben P. Harmin, at Island Trinidad; Matthew Wing, at Pierauz; Levi Howland, at Valencis.

dictment for Murder against Surratt Overruled-The Costa Rica Railroad WASHINGTON, July 22.—The President has issued a proclamation to the effect that Alabama has ratified the fourteenth

In the Criminal Court, to-day, Judge Wylle overruled the motion to quash the indictment against Surratt for the mur-

ly drawn.

The state Department and House Committee on Foreign Relations have under consideration the case of the Costa Rica Railroad Company, which contract was annulled by the Costa Rican government. It was annulled for the alleged non-fulfillment of the conditions.

or the alleged non-miniment of the conditions.

A meeting of Southern Representatives and Union men was held to-day, Hon. W. Whitmore, of South Carolina, in the chair, and Captain H. F. Fisher, of Mississippi, Secretary. A committee was appended to draft resolutions.

General Fremont was introduced to the meeting. He expressed deep sympathy for the suffering loyalists of the South, and hoped Congress would not adjourn till full and ample relief was given to them. Addresses were also delivered by Mr. Mullins of Tennessee, Mr. McKee of Kentucky, and Mr. French of North Carolina.

him in the breast, inflicting a severe wound.

Gus Burton, a well-known confectioner on Poptar street, Memphis, was severely stabbed yesterday morning by Charles Gusmane.

It is reported that certain bankers in

R. J. BRICHT, Proprietor.

Committee to Present Resolutions to Reconstruction Committee Speeche

—Etc.

Washington, July 22.--At the meeting to-night a committee was appointed to present resolutions to the Reconstruction Committee to-morrow.

Speeches were made, and several meas-

Speeches were made, and several measures of relief were suggested by Senator Wilson, of Massachusetts. He had prepared a bill providing that all persons in Mississippi holding public offices shall vacate them, and that those elected in the last election shall, before entering upon official duties, take the oath prescribed by the act of 1862, known as the iron-clad oath. If those who received the majority of votes can not take it, then the Commander of the military District shall put a provisional Government.

mander of the military District shall put a provisional Government.

The Missions at the meeting expressed themselves satisfied with Mr. Wilson's proposition. After further proceedings Mr. Williamson, of Virginia, offered a resolution, which was passed, that Congress be earnestly solicited to empower the Virginia State Convention to vacate all offices held by persons disqualified by the fourteenth constitutional amendment, to fill all offices with loyal men, to fix the time of election postponed by General Schofield, and to make arrangements for holding said election. The Convention then adjourned.

Senator Sherman does not believe it possible for a conference committee to reconcile the wide differences that exist between the Senate and House funding bills.

Senator Norton is to be married on Thursday night, to Miss Courtland, of

## THE SOUTH.

South Carolina Legislature. COLUMBIA, Wednesday, July 21. A bill has passed the Legislature ac-cepting the donation of land from the United States for an Agricultural Col-

Mr. Randolph, a colored member, has introduced a bill in the Senate, prohibit-ing the making of any distinction in cases at law on account of race or color. ing upland cotton one cent per pound and rice seven and a half cents per bushel, to pay the expenses of the Legislature. It was denounced by the members as a mon-atrosity, and they refused to allow it to be

The election for Supreme Judges will be held on Thursday.

Louisiana Affairs.

New Orleans, July 22.—At the suggestion of Governor Warmouth, a joint resolution passed the Senate yesterday, calling on the Commanding General for calling on the Commanding General for troops to suppress lawlessness in the Northern and Western parishes of Louisiana, a memorial having been received from Franklin parish, with signatures, setting forth that at least fifty murders had been committed there and in the adjoining parishes. The resolution excited strong opposition and a lengthy debate, many members being opposed to calling upon the military authorities, stating that the civil authority had been fully matured.

Fatal Shooting Affray-A Negro Mol Threatens to Lynch a White Officer. SAVANNAH, Ga., July 22.—The difficulty last night in a drinking saloon, between William R. Hopkins, tax receiver, and Isaac Russell, deputy sheriff, resulted in the shooting of Hopkins, killing him instanting. Busile delines that he fixed instantly. Russell claims that he fired in self-defense. The affair caused great excitement among the negroes, who at the signal of a drum assembled several hundred strong, with guns and clubs, threatening to lynch Russell and demolish his house. On leaving, Russell had heavistations to the content of the strong str ish his house. On leaving, Russell had been taken to jail. They proceeded to at-tack it, but were dispersed by the police. The excitement had somewhat abated this morning. The negroes are fully organized in this city.

ATLANTA, July 22.—R. B. Bullock was naugurated Governor of Georgia to-day.
His address was brief and laudatory of the Romalium restriction. the Republican party, and in condemna-tion of the President's policy. He says experience has proved the wisdom and justice of conferring the right of suffrag on freedmen.

General Meade and Staff were present the ceremony, which passed off ver

Both Houses have adjourned over unti Friday.

It is reported the Military Commission for the trial of the Columbus prisoners will be dissolved to-morrow, and the

MONTGOMERY, July 22.—Good rains have fallen in different portions of middle Alabama the last few days. Some planters report that the long drouth has cut the corn crop off one half, and the cotton crop is also injured.

A bill was to-day introduced in the Sente to stop every suit on the decket began ate to stop every suit on the docket began since April 18, 1861, up to April 18, 1868 and make them null and void.

The House adopted a resolution providing for the appointment, by the Governor, of three of the most eminent lawyers of the State to conform the present laws to the new Constitution.

At noon, the Legislature met in convention to elect a Senator for the term ending in 1871. Mr. Warner, late of Ohio, received 43 votes, R. W. Reynolds, late of Wisconsin, received 28 votes, J. L. Pennington, of Alabama, received 21 votes, A. C. Fields, of Alabama, received votes, all radicals. Pennington will be

WILMINGTON, July 22.—The new Sheriff has appointed two negroes and one white man deputies.

Refreshing rains have fallen in this sec-tion in time to save most of the crops.

The corn in some localities was hopelessly ruined before the rain fell.

Political excitement is very high. The Military Commission for Trial of eratic Mass Meeting.
ATLANTA, July 22.--The Millitary Com

instion for the trial of Columbus prison-ris was suspended to-day, in compliance with the following order from General Meade to General Sibley, President of the HEADQUARTERS THIRD MILITARY ) DISTRICT, July 20, 1868. GENERAL: In view of the action of f

naming General directs that the Com-nission of which you are President, sus-pend its proceedings in the trial of pris-pend; charged with the murder of Ash-purn. The prisoners will be retained in custody until further orders. The court has adjourned until Friday and all the counselors for the prosecution have left for the North. The city is crowded with visitors to the Democratic mass meeting.

South Carolina Legislature. COLUMBIA, July 22.—A bill was introduced in the Legislature advancing the bonds of afficials, which the Governor will veto, as its effects will be to permit irresponsible parties to hold office.

The Republicans are anxious to elect ex-Governor Orr Chief Justice. Steps are being taken for the remova The legislative work is progressin

## CABLE.

Health of Archbishop Cullen. DUBLIN, Wednesday, July 22. The health of Archbishop Cullen ha

BERMIN, July 22.—Mr. Bancroft, the inerican Minister, having concluded his egotiations at Carlaruhe, has gone to aden Baden.

Another Change in Portugese Ministry Lisnen, July 22.—Another change has been made in the Portugese Ministry, which stands as follows: President of Council and Minister of War and Foreign Affairs, Marquis Bandierre; Minister of Justice, Counselor Sobas; Minister of the Interior, Bishop of Visen; Minister of Public Wards, Counselor College.

Figure 12 and Commercial.

Pinancial and Commercial. London, July 22.—Consois, 941/494%; bonds, 723/472%; Erie, 42%; Illinois Cen-tral, 961/4; Atlantic and Great Western,

WASHINGTON, Wednesday, July 22. A letter from General Dyer, asking for a trial by court martial for the offences imputed to him in the recent report of the joint Committee on Ordnance, was referred to the Ordnance Committee. The Annual Regatta.

ferred to the Ordnance Committee.

The credentials of F. A. Sawyer and T. J. Robertson, Senators from South Carolina, were presented.

Mr. Howard presented a protest from certain members of the South Carolina Legislature against the admission of Sawyer, charging him with having been engaged in blockade running, and being a rebel office holder, etc.

The motion prevailed to allow Robertson to be sworn in.

Certain documents containing charges against the loyalty of Sawyer were preagainst the loyalty of Sawyer were pre-sented. sented.

After a lengthy discussion, during which Mr. Robertson, the newly elected Senator from South Carolina, declared

CONGRESSIONAL

SENATE.

Senator from South Carolina, declared the charges against Sawyer to have originated from the friends of Dr. Mackey, the rival candidate against Sawyer, and utterly unfounded, and vouched for his Republicanism and ability to take the test oath. oath.

A motion to refer all the papers in Sawyer's case to the Judiciary Committee was
rejected, 17 to 27, and he was sworn in as
the second Senator from South Carolina.
Mr. Sherman called for the special order, the motion relating to the adjournment

Mr. Howard moved a recess from five to seven o'clock.

Mr. Sherman opposed holding any evening sessions until a day was fixed for adjournment, as until that is done the House can not proceed with its business. A majority being unable to control the order of business except on Monday, as even two-thirds can not suspend the rules at any other time until last ten days of the session. Two or three important bills were thus delayed.

Mr. Howard's motion was rejected 22 to 04 Mr. Howard moved a recess from five

Questions of adjournment then came up.
Mr. Wilson offered a substitute for Mr. Sherman's motion providing for a recess until the 4th Monday in September. Mr. Sumner moved to adjourn to Mon-

Mr. Howe advocated waiting for the veto to the Army bill, and a discussion sprung up between him and Mr. Sherman, the latter insisting that the adjournment should be fixed for Friday next.

Mr. Hendricks denied the statements of Sherman and others that in his remarks on the Army bill yesterday, he spoke for the President. He had not seen him for six weeks, and expressed only his own views. He proceeded in denunciation of the bill.

Mr. Morton denied that the arms were to be distributed for political purposes at

Mr. Morton denied that the arms were to be distributed for political purposes at the South, but for the protection of the State government from reaction and destruction, with which they are boldly threatened. They are surrounded by a rebel and hostile population, and in a great part, without an arsenal and not a piece of artillery to protect them, while all their tried and trained soldiers who could fall in line to-morrow, have been taken from them.

Mr. Drake, as the result of the investigation which he had made, stated that

gation which he had made, stated that there were 250,000 arms in the hands of the Southerners, and argued that as the Southern speakers refused to recognize or submit to the governments there, the latter should be provided with the means of defense in case of need. After further debate the question was

taken on Mr. Sumner's amendment for adjournment to-day until the 27th was agreed to, 25 against 19.

The question recurring on Mr. Wilson's amendment, he modified it by providing citizens imprisoned abroad, to report the facts to congress for its action. It was agreed to, 30 against 7.

Mr. Williams then offered a substitute for the third section, making it the duty of the President to demand the release of ny American citizens unjustly deprived

of liberty. If it shall be delayed or de-nied he shall use such means, not amount-ing to war, as he may deem necessary to effect such release. After a discussion by Messrs, Williams Sumner and Conness-An amendment was offered by Mr Buckalew, to strike out the third section and add to the Second that it shall be the duty of the President to exercise all his authority under the Constitution and laws for the protection of American citizens abroad, and report to Congress from line to time any case in which justice is lenied to citizens of the United States. Mr. Conness demanded the yeas and navs, and the Senate finding itself with-

HOUSE WASHINGTON, Wednesday July 22. Mr. F. W. Kellogg was sworn in and took his seat as a member from Alabama. chael Hahn, of Louisiana, and John chael Hahn, or Louisians, and John Millidge, or Georgia, from legal and po-litical disabilities was passed. A resolution was adopted allowing an investigating committee in the charges against Judge Busteed to sit during the

ecess of Congress.

Mr. Brooks obtained leave of abs till September 17.

Mr. Broomall asked leave to introduce

Mr. Stevens, of Pennsylvania, remarked that two or three weeks hence would be time enough for that.

Mr. Sypher introduced a joint resolution to aid the repairing of the levees of the Mississippi River, and provide for the yayment of the citizens of Louisiana for quarter master's stores furnished to the United States.

Mr. Stevens, rising to a personal explanation relative to a report in the Globe of some remarks of Mr. Garfield and others yesterday, emphatically denied ed that two or three weeks hence would

others yesterday, emphatically denied the statement that he said the five-twenthe statement that he said the five-twenties were payable in coin. The report, he found, was taken from the report of Secretary McCulloch, and was a total perversion of the truth. The words attributed to him were from his speech on the legal tender bill. He cautioned the public against putting faith in fabrica. legal tender bill. He cautioned the public against putting faith in fabrications of demagogues, and they would find every word he had asserted with regard to himself was true and to the letter.

The Missouri contested election case

Consequently, on Wednesday afternoon, was taken up, the committee having re-ported that Mr. Pike, the sitting member,

Mr. Logan.

The consideration was interrupted by

At a meeting of the American Free Trade League at New York last night, at paper was read by Charles Moran, argued in Galifornia passed.

The Senate bill to extend the time is construction of the Southern Pacific Rampaper was read by Charles Moran, argued in Galifornia passed.

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The Senate bill to provide for a temp raw, and in the California passed.

to business on the Speaker's table at the conclusion of the Missouri and Utah contested election cases.

A correspondent of the New York Her-

Adjourned.
The general understanding among the members is that there has been some mistake in the amouncement made in a message from the President two days message from the President two days age that he signed the tax bill; and it is now stated that the President has not signed it, but proposes to veto, because it authorizes the Secretary of the Treasury to appoint supervisors, with power to remove officers appointed by the President with the consent of the Senate.

### WORCESTER.

Worcester, Wednesday, July 22. The regatta commenced with great celat. Theusands of spectators were present today, and the weather was favorable, the sun being sufficiently obscured by the clouds to temper the extreme heat, and Lake Quinsingamond was as smooth as a migror.

Lake Quinsingamond was as smooth as a mirror.

The first race, for Worcester wherries and rowers, two miles, was won by 200 yards, by Phantom Shell, rowed by E. B. Hamiltou, in 18 minutes and 4 seconds.

The second race, four oared boats, two miles, for Worcester boats and Powers, was won by the Union, with ease, in 14 minutes and 33½ seconds.

The third race was for six-oared boats, three miles. Entries, the Ward crew of Newburg, the Harvard University crew, the L. H. Powers crew of Springfield, the North End Bay crew of Boston, and the New London crew. This race caused intense excitement. The Wards and Harvards soon drew to the front and went side by side for half a mile with the Powers and North Enders a length behind.

The New London boat was behind from the start, and was never placed by the indeed. he start, and was never placed by the

On Monday night Samuel Messwain, living near Grenada, Mississippi, was shot while undressing and mortally shot while undressing and mortally wounded, by a negro named Tom Mc-Lean. He was pursued by a number of citizens and a party of soldiers, and after being chased several miles into a swamp, was wounded twice by Seargent Smith and captured, and brought back to Grenada, where a mob was with great difficulty prevented from hanging him. No cause for the assassination is known.

St. Louis, Wednesday, July 22. Tobacco, active and buoyant, but not notably higher. Cotton, nothing doing.

Hemp, unchanged. in good trade demand at unhanged prices.
Wheat, better grades are firm and wheat, better grades are dult and heavy; choice white and fancy red fall, 2 25; prime white and choice red, \$15a2 20.
Corn, firmer, and mixed and yellow is higher; sales at 77a79c; white, \$4a86c.
Oats, ald are scarce and firmer; sales at

ured hams 20 %c. Cattle unchanged; sales of inferior to medium grades at 3½a4½c; good to prime outcher's stock hase; choice shipping 6½a %c gross.

Sheep and lambs unchanged.

Receipts, flour 775 barrels; wheat 4,000 ushels; corn 23,000 bushels; oats 3,600

Weather very warm : heavy shower this NEW ORLEANS, Wednesday, July 22. Cotton; middling nominal at 30a30½c. Flour; receipts, 200 barrels; market uiet; sales of superfine at 7.75; choice

Corn, dull at 90a921/2c. Provisions; pork quiet at 29 50; bacordull; sales of shoulders at 13%c; clear Lard, quiet; sales of tierce at 18c; keg

BUFFALO, Wednesday, July 22. Receipts, corn. 60,009 bushels. Shipments, wheat, 150,000 bushels; corn, 155,000 bushels; corn, 155,000 bushels; cats, 68,000 bushels. Freights, steady and unchanged. Flour, dull and unchanged. Wheat, firm; \$1 50 offered, and \$1 55 asked for No. 2 Milwaukee.

Oats, firm : sales of 25,000 bushels at 75c New Orleans Market. NEW ORLEANS, Wednesday July 22. Flour, quiet but steady at \$7 50a7 75. Corn, 90ca\$1. Oats, steady, and the demand is fair at

Hav. \$21a22. Bran, \$1 45al 50. Provisions—Mess pork is dull, with more sellers than buyers at \$29 50; bacon shoulders, 13½c; clear sides, 17½c. Jard, dull and nominal; sales in tierces

Vashington Correspondence Cincinnati Times The Potency of Prettiness-How Charming Widow got her Patent Ex-

tended. Another widow lady has been pressing her laims before Congress, and has also been successful. Her name is Martha M. Jones, and she is the administratrix of Samuel J. Jones, her husband, who obsainter 3.50nes, her husband, who ob-taited a patent some years ago, for an improvement in zinc paint, which patent his widow desires to have extended. She is jossessed of indomitable perseverance, is good looking, intelligent and highly educated. She stated her own case to the Husse Committee on Patents, and the bill she was interested in passed the Hotse, and went to the Senate. She knew if it was not attended to quickly, it would go over till next session, and, perhaps, night not be acted upon for a year or two. Consequently, on Wednesday afternoon, she took position in the marble room, and setding her card to various Senators, succeeded in gaining an interview with each one, for as one would come out to cotverse with her, she would request him tokend out another and in this way she

correspondent of the New York Her A correspondent of the New York Her-ald gives the following account of the Juan Fernandez group of islands, on the principal one of which Alexander Selkirk lived, and gave Defoe the idea of Robinson

The writer says: This group of islands is 360 miles west of Valparaiso, and consists of two chief islands at a considerable distance apart, with smaller ones attached to each. Their name is derived from Juan Fernandez, a Spaniard, who discovered them in 1563 in his voyage from Lima to Valdivia. He designed to settle here, and applied for a patent, but failed to obtain one. The island was much visited by the buccaneers in their expeditions against the Spaniards. failed to obtain one. The island was much visited by the buccaneers in their expeditions against the Spaniards, and Dampier describes his visit here. In 1861 a Mosquito Indian was left here by the ship which Dampier was in, and was taken off by him in March, 1864, having lived three years solitary upon the island, subsisting upon the goats first introduced there by Fernandez. In February, 1709, Captain Woods Rogers touched here and found Alexander Selkirk, who had been left here by the ship Cinque Ports, Captain Stradling, four years and four months previously. From Selkirk's narration Defoe wrote his story of Robinson Crusoe. In the visits above mentioned a great number of goats were found, but these were reduced by the Spaniards, who introduced dogs for the purpose of destroying one of the principal means of subsistence of the buccaneers. These animals were both found in possession of the island in 1741, when Lord Anson, with the small remnant of his crews of the Centurion, Tryal and Gloucester, touched here. The men, suffering from scurvy and other maladies, recovered their health here so speedily that on their return home they gave eloquent accounts of the place which, leading to the supposition that the English would colonize both Juan Fernandez and Inchin, in The New London boat was behind from the start, and was never placed by the judges. Tremendous cheers burst from all sides when at a mile and a quarter the Ward crew drew two lengths ahead of the Harvards. At this moment the Powters were two lengths behind the Harvards and the North End boys were close up with the Powers. They all then disappeared behind a point of land. When they reappeared the Wards led, and the Harvards were one length behind.

The wildest excitement was manifested by the spectators, and the shrill cries of the collegians was heard above the uproar of the cheers and shouts. In the last half mile, both crews bent to their oars with renewed vigor. The Wards passed the first line, winning the race in the shortest time ever made; viz: 17 minutes, 40½ seconds. The Harvard's were two lengths behind, and though they stopped rowing, they were timed 17 minutes, 53 seconds.

On Monday night Samuel Messwain. sweep over the island. In 1837 one of the present occupants came over from Valparaiso, and he was afterward joined by the men and women previously referred to.

The principal Islands are Juan Fernandez, commonly called, for distinction, "Mas-a-Tierra," and "Mas-a-Tierra," and "Mas-a-Tierra," and "mas-a-Tierra," and was nervously thrusting a charge of the island are in general thickly wooded, but in some places have grassy plains of considerable extent, whose lively color contrasts agreeably with the dark foliage of the myrtle trees which abound. The remains of a fort called San Juan Bautista are yet in a tolerable state of preservation, on the rising ground, about 130 feet above the sea, at the southwest part of the bay, overlooking the settlement, in the middle of the beach are some remains of a five gun battery, and at the northwest extremity of the island are also remains of batteries, with a few rusty twenty-four pounders, half buried in the earth. At the east point of the bay large quantities of codfish are caught in forty fathoms of water, and crawiish and lobsters of great size are taken in abundance. When her Majesty's ship collingwood came here in 1845, a single achieve the sea, at the southwest part trees and peaches were found in great quantities. These, with wild oats, cherry trees and peaches were found in great quantities. These, with wild oats, radishes, nasturtions, rhubarb strawberries, grew in wild and useless fruitfulness, there being no settlement to gather the abundant harvest. Horses, asses, dogs, and cats ran wild; goats fed upon every thight, and a few ferocious animals were added to infeat the interior. The climate and the principal control of the resident population. Cabbage, palms, there being no settlement to gather the abundant harvest. Horses, asses, dogs, and cats ran wild; goats fed upon every thight, and a few ferocious animals were and to infeat the interior. The climate and the principal carries are also in the principal carries and peaches were found in the public press.

Las

Oats, ald are scarce and firmer; sales at 80a83c; new are plenty and dull; sales at 70a72c.

Rye, steady at \$1 10a1 12.

Provisions, dull and unchanged; pork \$28 75; bacon, shoulders 12½a13c; clear rib sides 16½c; clear sides 16½a17c; sugar cured harms 20½c.

Cattle unchanged: The mornings are generally cloudy, with light showers. Toeraily cloudy, with light showers. Toward noon the weather clears up, and the
afternoons are clear and pleasant; but
about widnight clouds begin to gather in
the headlands, and squarfs sweep down
the valleys until day advances, and the
sun breaks out in a smiling afternoon. At four o'clock on the afternoon of the 7th of May we entered Cumberland Bay

which curves in from the headlands about pelled to put to sea. A boat came to us, rowed by half a dozen dark skinned half Indians, one of whom spoke a little Eng-lish, and piloted us to a good anchorage within a cable's length of the rocks. There is a low piece of ground here of about fifty acres, with a row of five or six tottering huts, in which live the sole in-habitants of the island, numbering ninehabitants of the island, numbering nine-teen persons, most of whom are children. Four filthy looking women, swarming with vermin and pickaninies, six men and innumerable dogs greeted us on our arrival, and commenced a freight traffic in fish, lobsters, scalskins, sandal wood, and Juan Fernandez curiosities. A few horses, cattle, and tame goats grazed around the houses, and flocks of wild pigeons constantly hovering over the valley with a recklessness very tantalizing to our eager sportsmen, who had commenced at the first glimpse of the island to get shooting gear and fishing tackle in order. The evening was spent in fishing and preparing for shooting, and early next morning your correspondent set out next morning your correspondent set out with Lieutenant Cassell and Surgeon with Lieutenant Cassell and Surgeon Huehling, and a good boat's crew to pull around the island for game and fish. After exploring a beautiful valley and vainly endeavoring to get within range of some wild goats feeding on the cliffs, we entered English bay, where Alexander Selkirk lived. Here I sprung ashore through a heavy serf that threatened to swamp the boat, and started off into the interior alone, while the Lieutenant and Surgeon

alone, while the Lieutenant and Surgeon hoisted sail and went round the island to the cod fishing grounds. First I went to Crusoe's Cave, a grotto in the rock twenty-five yards from the beech. The cave is about twelve feet high, fifteen feet deep and twenty feet wide at the entrance the and twenty feet wide at the entrance, the interior resembling in shape the inside of an old fashioned brick oven. High walls stood around the mouth of the cave, inside it was dry and smooth. Spiders were weaving over the inscriptions cut by previous visitors, and a mouse boldly eyed me from a corner, apparently little alarmed at my intrusion into his palatial abode. A few moments sufficed to gratify curiosity respecting this spot, and slipping a couple of Ely's wire cartridges into my fowling piece, I set out for the mountain side. A stream of clear, cold water, ran noisity down through the little valley. ran noisily down through the little valley fringed with fern and wild mint, and skirted by dry grass, breast high and very thick. A match kindled a tremendous fire, which the wind swept with great fire, which the wind swept with great rapidity up toward the cliffs, soon leaving a smooth, blackened plain, and opening a capital approach to the hunting grounds. Up and up I climbed, pressing through tangled undergrowth, and creeping beneath low myrtle trees, closely interlocked, but finding nothing to shoot except a couple of falcons that sailed slowly overhead as I emerged into a little open space in the thicket. About three o'clock, weary and discouraged, I returned to the beach. The boat had not returned, and sitting down at the mouth of the cave I gave a loose rein to imaginaselected to the seat, with a minority resolution effered by Mr. Kerr, in favor of the Logan.

The consideration was interrupted by going to the business of the Speaker's tible, and disposing thereof as follows:

The business of the Speaker's tible, and disposing thereof as follows:

The business of the Speaker's tible, and disposing thereof as follows:

The business of the Speaker's tible, and disposing thereof as follows:

The business of the possial tible, and disposing thereof as follows:

The senate bill in reference to the navy and marine corps, referred to the committee on Naval Affairs.

The senate amendments to House bill relating to pensions, now concurred in and referred to the committee of conference asked.

The Senate amendments to the Alaska till, now concurred in and committee of conference asked.

The Senate amendment to the Alaska till, now concurred in and committee of the favore the sease of the arsenal grounds at St. Louis and Liberty, Missister, and the sease of the arsenal grounds at St. Louis and Liberty, Missister, and the sease of the arsenal grounds at St. Louis and Liberty, Missister, and the sease of the arsenal grounds at St. Louis and Liberty, Missister, and the sease of the arsenal grounds at St. Louis and Liberty, Missister, and the sease of the arsenal grounds at St. Louis and Liberty, Missister, and the sease of the arsenal grounds at St. Louis and Liberty, Missister, and the sease of the arsenal grounds at St. Louis and Liberty, Missister, and the sease of the arsenal grounds at St. Louis and Liberty, Missister, and the sease of the arsenal grounds at St. Louis and Liberty, Missister, and the sease of the arsenal grounds at St. Louis and Liberty, Missister, and the sease of the arsenal grounds at St. Louis and Liberty, Missister, and the sease of the arsenal grounds at St. Louis and Liberty, Missister, and the sease of the arsenal grounds at St. Louis and Liberty, Missister, and the sease of the arsenal grounds at St. Louis and Liberty, Missister, and the sease of the arsenal g

tral, 96%; Atlantic and Great Western, 80%.

Frankfort, July 22.—Bonds firmer at 77.

Parts, July 22.—Bourse, rentes 70f 20c.

Liverapool. July 22.—Cotton heavy; Sales of 8,000 bales of uplands at 10%d; Orleans at 10%d.

Beef firm. Other articles unchanged.

London, July 22.—Tallow add. Petroleum heavy. Cloverseed firm. Sugar to leum heavy. Cloverseed firm. Sugar to at 54d.

Anywers July 22.—Petroleum dult at 54d.

Anywers July 23.—Petroleum dult at 54d.

Anywers July 24.—Petroleum dult at 54d.

Anywers July 25.—Petroleum dult at 54d.

Anywers July 26.—Bonds firmer titles to retain described tracts of land.

Anywers July 26.—Bonds firmer titles to retain least of his invertion, Thinking that the herds of goats discovered beyond his expectations.

Thinking that the herds of goats discovered by my shots might have collected again near the scene of my exploit, the distinct on the same invention, the same invention

shaking of a bushy limb startled me; and, rising silently to a stooping posture. I tried to penetrate the thick gloom of the overhanging foliage. I called out first, thinking it might be one of the party coming that way, but received no response. Then suspecting it might be some stray goat, I strained my eyes again, and suddenly discovered a dark gray animal crouched upon a fallen tree about twenty paces distant, intently watching me. Its tail was slowly moving to and fro, and its eyes gleamed with a bright green light, and as I made out the outlines of this creature, I forgot my gun and all the world in an overpowering feeland all the world in an overpowering feeling which no words can desdribe. I am sure that my cap raised at least two inches. In a moment I began to realize my situation more coolly, and, reaching for my gun, bethought myself of some alternative to rid me of the annoying visitor. I had but one Ely cartridge left, and that was in the right barrel, the other being leaded with high cooks. that was in the right barrel, the other being loaded with heavy shot. Crouching behind a small rock, half hidden by a luxurious growth of ferns, I dropped into the left barrel a patent lead pencil cutter, and rammed it down on top of the shot, intending to trust to short range and give the animal the contents of both barrels. While I was doing this I called repeatedly to Cassel, whose breech-loader would have cheered me wonderfully, but not a sound in answer could be heard. I knew that it was time to do something. I was aware of the danger of my position. I was aware of the danger of my position, and knew I had no chance but to commence the attack before the increasing darkness put me wholly in the power of the wildcat, which still crouched on the the wildcat, which still crouched on the log and was rapidly becoming more distinct. I will not undertake to tell what thoughts of home, of friends on board and those who might not welcome my return again, flashed through my mind as I brought my gun to bear, and vainly strived to distinguish the sights in the gloom. With a strange sense of peril and recklessness, I slowly trained my piece on the eyes of the animal and pulled both triggers. The thrilling scream that followed the discharge I shall never forget. The overloaded gun threw me over by its recoil, and springing up I seized the piece by the muzzle, expecting an attack, but could only see a confused mass rolling and frantically tearing leaves and by its recoil, and springing up I seized the piece by the muzzle, expecting an attack, but could only see a confused mass rolling and frantically tearing leaves and bushes and rapidly approaching me down the steep slope of the bank. If my life had depended upon it I could not have got out of the way for weakness. In less time than I can tell it the creature ceased its violent struggles, and about twenty feet distant slowly raised on its haunches, evidently blinded by my shot, but still full of vigor. I did not dare to move through fear of betraying my position, and was nervously thrusting a charge of shot into my gun, when my ear was specified by the sound of approaching ounce ball into the wounded brute. But this did not finish him, and, clubbing his weapon, Cassel crushed in the head of the cat at one blow. The animal measured five feet seven inches from tip to tail, and with our goats, which we found in the darkness with some difficulty, made a big load to carry down the mountain.

It makes the hair glossy and beautiful, removes dandruff, restores gray hair to its original color. Will grow hair are braid heads, and can be used as a hair dressing forever without the slightest in Jury to the braid or optic nerve. Do not take anything else, but get the pure article. If your druggists will not get it for you, send direct to the manufactory. Sold by Druggists; Si per bottle; half dozen. So, or sent to any address on receipt of the money. Liberal deduction to the trade. Send for testimonials.

EDITORS AVALANCHE: An incident has just occurred in this community which calls most earnestly for ventilation in the public press.

Last week a Northern Puritanical emissary, of the real "carpet-bag" breed, made his appearance in our midst. From what place he last came no one seems to know, but as he returned last evoning. phis, it is believed he was sent out here by the infamous radical incendiaries of that city. That he himself is an incendi-ary of the rankest and most combustible type, an account of his acts and declara-tions among the negroes of this commu-nity will amply and most damningly prove.
On Sunday last, at Carmel Church, five

on Sunday last, at Carmel Church, five miles south of this place, he addressed, or rather, pretended to preach the gospel to a large crowd of colored people; and on Monday and Tuesday nights, he preached to the colored people of this town, with closed doors, at the colored school house; and on each occasion, according to some of his most truthful hearers (all of whom were colored) he grave utters need to some were colored,) he gave utterance to some of the most infamous and incendiary falsehoods. He said that he was a considerable property holder at the North, where he came from, and he would give all he had in the world if he could make his skin as black as the blackest of those who were before him. He said that the negro race, though long held in bondage by the white, was naturally, in every way, superior to the white race; that the colored people already occupied the first place in this country, and were bound to continue to do so to the end of time; and that when eternity began it would be found that they occupy the first place in heaven; that there, in those abodes of the blest, they would shine as stars of the first magnitude, while the whites would be but secondary, or rather, least and last, as all the colored races, black, brown and red, would come before the pure white. The scoundrel went so far as to exhibit charts of heaven, in which the blacks were placed highest and nearest the "Great White Throne," while the whites—or what few of them might get there-occupied

"back seats."

This vile incendiary told the poor, deluded darkies that the reason why he desired to change the color of his skin, and be a black man, was that the negroes would henceforth occupy the first and highest places in this country, and that he desired naturally to be one of the "ruling class."

We have not been able to learn the We have not been able to learn the ras

speeches were generally known. Had he been found out a little sooner, the young men of the town would have gratified his desire, and given him a black skin of In-dia ink and tar that would have stuck to him to the latest hour of his life. Our colored people are already badly enough spolled without such "sermons" as those of this days!le in the sermons. of this devil's incendiary.

SEVERAL CITIZENS OF LAGRANGE.

### 868, Christian Bræking, aged 34 years. Funeral his afternoon at three o'clock, from his late resi dence, No. 143 Union street. Friends of the family are invited to attend without further no-

BRŒKING.-On Tuesday afternoon, July 21,

WATCH AGENCY. AMERICAN WATCH AGENCY

WE have just received from the Factory at waltham, Massachusetts, a large variety of Watches in Gold and Silver Cases,

HE BLGIN WATCH, UNITED STATES HOWARD & THEMONT, a large variety

Our Stock of Watches and Prices A Liberal Discount

MADE TO THE TRADE WE have a fine line of SOLID SILVER GOODS, DIAMONDS, FINE JEWELRY

50 East Washington Street. W. P. BINGHAM & CO. BANKRUPTCY .. HILL

In Bankruptey.

inge says that the private gens of my way to a sort of a briver, when and long deep draught from the worth of blooded horses. This cool arivalet. I had lain down on my rise us say that the breest to drank with greater case and she must own made in the breest to drank with greater case and she must own made in the breest to drank with greater case and she must own made in the breest to drank with greater case and she must own made in the breest to drank with greater case and she must own made in the breest to drank with greater case and she must own made in the breest to drank with greater case and she must own made in the breest to drank with greater case and she must own made in the breest to drank with greater case and she had been adjudged a Bankrup appear in W. A. Bankrup appear as will insure complete assortment at the private of our susting down my bend to call a supplemental and the breest to drank with greater case and a

AL WANTED ACT WANTED—AGENTS—For a new work, containing 816 pages and over 100 first-class engravings. Also, for the COTTAGE BIBLE AND FAMILY EXPOSITOR, 1,500 pages, 6 maps, 15 steel plate engravings, and 800 pages comments. For circulars and full particulars, address WESTERN PUBLISHING CO.

1 by 22 dawlm

Laborers and Teams.

THE undersigned want 300 Men, and 100 Teams, St. Louis, Vandalia and Terre Haute Railroad,

WAGES-\$2.00 a day for Labor, and \$4.00 for Teams. Board.\$4.00 per week.
Inquire at the office, one door south of the Bank.

D. L. WELLS & CO.
Vandalia, July 20, 1868—jy21 dlm SALESMEN WANTED To travel and sell

goods by sample. Good wages and steady employment guaranteed. Good salesmen on commission or salary. Send for circular. Address. LANPHEAR & PERKY. 109 Bank Street, CLEVELAND, OHIO. CAMPAIGN PINS AND MEDALS. Now ready, (New York prices.) Send 25 cents for samples of each Stencils, Stencil Tools and Stencil Stock.

LANPHEAR & PERKY.

my30 d&w3m

### FOR SALE.

RESIDENCE PROPERTY AT A GREAT BARGAIN.—A large two-story Brick Dwelling House, centrally located, for sale for a few days at \$6.500 cash. This property was sold a few years since for \$14,000. Satisfactory reasons given for the sacrifice. For sale by

1. R. MARTIN.

1922 d37 Real Estate Broker. FOR SALE—A second hand Piane, in good or-der, and will be sold cheap. Inquire at No. 139, corner of North and California streets. jy21 d3t\*

## FOR RENT.

TOR RENT-Two desirable Houses, each containing five rooms and good kitchen; soft and hard water handy. Everything convenient and in good order. Will rent cheap to steady tenants. Reference required. Call at 199 West Ohio street, or on Frank Ricker, Sentinel Office. jy22 d3t

LOST. MY son, James Morrison, has been missing from town for two weeks past. I hope that his many friends will assist me to ascertain his whereabouts, jy22 d2te MICHAEL MORRISON.

AUCTION SALE. Great Sale of Japanese and Chi-

## HAIR RESTORATIVE. LOTIO.

Prof. Christy's Hair Lotio Is neat, clean, pure, uniform and reliable and richly perfouned for the toilet. It contains no sugar of lead or other poisonous minerals or oils. It makes the hair glossy and beautiful, removes

Send for testimonials, Prof. Christy's Hair Lotio will promote the growth of Ladies' hair to any length desired. Read what a lady says about Prof. Christy's Hair Lotio.

Like her to whom at dead of night. The bridegroom, with his locks of light Came in the flush of love and pride. And scaled the terrace of his bride; When, as she saw him rashly spring. And midway up in danger cling. A. R. CHRISTY & CO., Manufacturers,

## For sale, Wholesale and Retail, by BROWNING & SLOAN, Nos. 7 and 9 E. Washington street, jy23 deodly Indianapolis, Ind. INSURANCE.

CINCINNATI, OHIO.

BERKSHIRE LIFE INSURANCE CO., OF PITTSFIELD, MASS. ORGANIZED 1851

remiums.
Every Policy Holder receives every day's insurance paid for. In case of failure to pay premiums when due, the party loses no benefit from payments already made, but the insurance is continued for the full amount until those payments are completely exhausted. EXAMPLE. Should the Assured pay one premium and fast to pay the second, he would still remain insured for the full amount of the policy one year and three days longer. If two payments were made he would remain insured two years and twelve days after the third premium fell due.

This feature, first adopted by this Company, is absolutely secured to the assured by the laws of Massachusetts.

# absolutely secured to the assured. Massachusetts. In addition to this, on all limited payment on life and endowment policies, the assured has the life and a paid-up policy after one full premium.

Serviciary Berkshire Life Insurance Co.,

Novertary Berkshire Life Insurance Co.,

Dear Sir:—I have this day received full payment of the policy on the life of my husband, Charles M. Elsbree, who insured in the Berkshire October 27th, 1865, and paid one premium in quarterly payments. When the second premium fell due he was ill, and the premium was not paid or received by the company. On the 2d of November following he died. Receiving notice that under the non-foreiture plan of the Berkshire the policy was still good, notwithstanting the second premium had not been paid, I made the required proofs of my husband's death, and forwarded the same to the Company at Pittsfield.

Mass., on the 12th day of January, 1867. I have to-day received their draft for \$855, being the full amount of the policy, after deducting the onsprenium due in October 18st, unpaid, with the interest on the same.

MRS. MARY J. ELSBREE.

Those parties who have taken policies with other Companies that offer no such plan as the above, and, in consequence of reverses in business, tak happened in 1857 and 1860), have been obliged to forteit their insurance, will not fail to appreciate the superior advantages offered by this Company, in the continuance of the insurance during a period when the payment of the premium may be impossible.

BET his most important feature is expressly stated in all Policies issued by the BERKSHIKE LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

This Company Issues Life Policies With all premiums payable in five, ten, fifteen or twenty years, so that each policy holder can look forward to a time certain when his payments shall cease and his insurance be wholly paid for. In addition to this advantage, should the holder of one of these policies be at any time unable to make his yearly payment, the Company will after one full premium is paid, issue a full paid up Life Policy for as many fifths, tenths, fitteenths or twentieths, as the case may be, as he has paid premiums.

The same rule applies to Endowment Policies, payable ten, fifteen, twenty or twenty-five years from date.

DIVIDENDS. All Policies issued by the BERKSHIRE LIFE IN-SUBLICE COMPANY are Mutual, and share in the distribution of the surplus, in proportion as they contribute to it, during their whole continuance, although the payment of Premium may have ceased.

Are paid on the renewal of all Policies that have been in force two years, or the Dividends may be used to purchase additions to the Policy, in many cases adding MORE THAN THE ENTIRE PREM Such additions share in future Dividence the Company may cease, thus securing a paid up Policy and an annual cash income.

Bividends once added to a Policy are never forfeited by non-payment of premium on the Policy. On the other hand they will be REDREMED IN CASE, should the circumstances of the assured require it.

Annual Cash Dividends, within the last five years only, have amounted to over \$133,000 being from 30 to 56 per cent of the Life, and 17 to 35 per cent of the endowment premiums actually, paid, adding to the Policy from 35 to 110 per cent. of the Premium received, and from 60 to E5 per cent. of the Life Rate, which, with the lower rate of premium charged, makes a larger dividend than has ever been paid by any Note Company. This is owing to judicious management and careful selection of Lives, which makes the Losses and Expenses of this Company LESS THAN THE AVERAGE OF OTHER COMPANIES.

Good Agents Wanted.

### DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL TICKET FOR PRESIDENT, HORATIO SEYMOUR Of New York

FOR VICE PRESIDENT, General FRANCIS P. BLAIR, Jr. Of Missouri.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET. For Governor, Thomas A. Hendricks, of Marion For Lieutenant Governor, Alfred P. Edgerton, of Allen. For Secretary of State, REUBEN C. KISE, of Boone.

For Auditor of State, JOSEPH V. BEMUSDAFFER, of Franklin For Treasurer of State, JAMES B. RYAN, of Marion. For Clerk of Supreme Court, NOAH S. LAROSE, of Case. For Reporter of Supreme Court, M. A. O. PACKARD, of Marshall. For Superintendent of Public Instruction, JOHN R. PHILLIPS, of Daviess. For Attorney General,

SOLOMON CLAYPOOL, of Putnam For Electors at Large, JOHN R. COFFROTH, of Huntington. BAYLESS W. HANNA, of Vigo. Contingents, JASON B. BROWN, of Jackson. WILLIAM M. FRANKLIN, of Owen.

For District Electors. First District-Thomas R. Cobb, of Knox. Contingent-R. S. Sproule, of Vanderburg. Second District-Jonas G. Howard, of Clarke. Contingent-G. T. B. Carr, of Dubois. Third District-James Gavin, of Decatur. Contingent-Elhanan C. Devore, of Jennings Fourth District-John S. Reid, of Fayette. Contingent-Benjamin L. Smith, of Rush. Fifth District-John M. Lord, of Marion. Sixth District-Ambrose B. Carleton, of Law Contingent—Samuel R. Hamill, of Sullivan. Seventh District-T. F. Davidson, of Fountain Contingent-B. B. Daily, of Carroll. Eighth District—James F. McDowell, of Grant. Contingent—N. R. Linsday, of Howard. Ninth District-John Colerick, of Allen. Contingent-Samuel A. Shoaff, of Jay. Tenth District-O. H. Main, of Elkhart. Contingent-E. Van Long, of Nobie. The Germans and the Democratic Non Eleventh District-Thos. J. Merrifield, of Val-

Democratic Congressional Nominati Second District-Michael C. Kerr. Third District-William S. Holman. Fourth District-John S. Reid. Seventh District - Mahlon D. Manson. Reighth District-Nathan O. Ross. Ninth District-Robert Lowry. Tenth District-Andrew Ellison. Eleventh District-Mulford K. Farrand.

Contingent-Major George Burson, of Pulaski.

The Journal Misrepresents Mr. Hen-

The Journal finds fault with the vote of Mr. HENDRICKS in 1864, in favor of an amendment to the celebrated WINTER DAVIS bill, offered by Mr. Brown, a Republican Senator from Missouri, and attempts to fasten upon him inconsistency therefor. When the circumstances at placed the governments with what it termed "the loyal white male citizens." Without enumerating all the features of the bill, and they were embraced in thirteen long sections, it provided, until the recognition of the State governments. charged with the entire civil administration of the government.

The amendment of Senator Brown, enacting clause of the Davis bill, and substitute the following:

"That when the inhabitants of any State have been declared in a state of in-surrection against the United States by and virtue of an act entitled "An act further to provide for the collection of duties on imports, and other purposes," approved July 13, 1861, they shall be, and are hereby declared to be, incapable of casting any vote for electors of President or Vice President of the United States, or of electing Senators or Representatives in Coning Senators or Representatives in Con-gress, until said insurrection in said State is suppressed or abandoned, and said inhabitants have returned to their bedience to the Government of the United States, nor until such return to obedience shall be declared by proclama-tion of the President, issued by virtue of an act of Congress, hereafter to be passed,

The Journal charges that "THOMAS A. HENDRICKS and every other Democrat in the Senate," voted for the amendment. Now, what are the facts in the case, and we copy from the official record? The WINTER DAVIS House reconstruction bill was reported to the Senate, as amended by Mr. BROWN. The proceedings say: "The Presiding Officer. The question is oncurring in the amendment made as in Committee of the Whole.

Mr. Wilson. I ask for the yeas and

nays on the amendment. The yeas and nays were ordered; and being taken, resulted yeas 20, nays 13." As stated by the Journal, every Democratic Senator present did vote for substituting the amendment of Mr. Brown for and for its flag. Now, let me that of the Winder Davis or House bill, say this to the higher law men as a choice of evils. That far the Journal's of the North, and to the higher law statement is true. Let us look at the proceedings a little further:

"So the amendment was concurred in. "So the amendment was concurred in."
The amendment was ordered to be engrossed and the bill to be read a third time. The bill was read the third time.
Mr. Trumbull. I dosire to have the yeas and mays on the passage of the bill. I want to have a distinct vote on the proposition itself, not antagonistic with anything else, and see what the sense of the Senate is on the proposition.
Mr. Brown. We have just had it on the \$8.00 proposition.

Mr. Trumbull. Then it was antagonized te the original bill as an amendment. 1 want it by itself to see what the sense of Senate is in reference to the measure, and not as a substitute for anything else. I ask for the yeas and nays.

The yeas and nays were ordered; and, being taken, resulted—yeas 26, nays 3, as

follows:

1 to as — Messrs. Brown, Chandler, Con1 ss, Doolittle, Grimes, Hale, Harlan,
Harris, Henderson, Johnson, Lane of Indiana, Lane of Kansas, McDougall, Morgn, Pomeroy, Ransey, Riddle, Sherman,
Sarague, Sumner, Ten Eyck, Trumbull,
Van Winkle, Wade, Wilkinson and Wil1 son — 96.

Nays-Messrs. Davis, Powell and Sauls-bury-3.

DRICKS did not vote for it. He did vote for it, as Mr. TRUMBULL expressed it, when it was antagonized to the original bill and there he stopped. Upon the enactment of the bill, its passage into a law, Mr. Hendil, its passage into a law, Mr. Hendil the most respectable men of the Country; and General Grant never has no rever will deny it."

Decrease Mexico, on the summiner of 1861, at Mexico, on the North Missonri Railroad, while in commissed of that post, as Colonel of the Twenty, First Illinois regiment of Infantry, not in a "speech," for he can not make a speech, but in conversation with a number of prominent Union men of that locality; and it was used by them to induce men who were disposed to aid the rebels to act with the Union men. This has been substantiated by the afficient of the country; and General Grant never has no rever will deny it."

"The antagonistic positions of Mr. Hendicks on this subject repel the idea that he has been governed in his votes by any question of the constitutional authority of Congress over the subject of reconstruction."

The charge of the radical organ is up true. With the facts before it, it per before it is per before it. It per before it. I The charge of the radical organ is untrue. With the facts before it, it pur-

Senator Dixon, of Connecticut, in a re-cent debate in the Senate, exposes another ase of radical economy thus:

"There are, I will not undertake to say "There are, I will not undertake fo say how many standing committees in all, but twenty-four, I think, as I judge by a hasty glance; and every one of these standing committees is furnished with a clerk at about \$1,800 a year, whether they meet or not; and I undertake to say that not half of them meet at all; at any rate, if they do, it is not more than twice a year. For what purpose are these clerks furnished to such committees? For the benefit of the chairman to perform his business, to do his work. \* \* This very bill provides an appropriation of \$33,000 for elerks of committees of this body—private secretaries to Senators. \* \* \* \* "Then there is a sweeping appropriation of \$25,000 for elerks of committees of this body, and pages, and carryalls. But tion of \$25,000 for elerks of committees of this body, and pages, and carryalls. But let me tell Senators that those pages and carryalls are paid out of another appropriation for "miscellaneous" items, and that the \$25,000 will all go for clerks, and that will not be sufficient to pay them.

\* This is really an abuse, and is not a small matter. \* \*

small matter. \* \*

"Take the Committee on Contingent Expenses as an example. When I had the honor of being chairman of the committee I never thought of having a clerk. The Secretary of the Senate is the clerk of the committee, but now they have given it a separate clerk. \* \* Now you have appointed a clerk to that clerk—a clerk to the Committee. On Contingent Expenses. appointed a clerk to that clerk—a clerk to the Committee on Contingent Expenses of the Senate! It is a very useful and convenient thing to my friend from New Hampshire, [Mr. Cragin,] \* but I do not think he ought to vote against one for Andrew Johnson, after having received one for his sole benefit; it is for nobody

Now, isn't this radical party in favor of the "strictest economy?" See how they practise it! With what sublime dovotion and unselfishness they set about inaugurating the era of retrenchment and reform!

"Uncle Sam is rich enough to vote us all a farm," was the popular chorus of a popular song, some years ago. The radi-I Senators have inproved on the sugges tion and voted themselves clerks at the expense of the Government to perform their private business. Of course, the Democratic Senators are treated to no such luxury but have either to write their private letters, etc., themselves, or employ others at their own expense to do o. But then they are an extravagant set and belong to an extravagant party! It is only Radical Senators, in favor of "the strictest economy," who are permitted to employ clerks at the expense of the Government, to transact their private business for them!

Some radical journals have stated that the German Democracy will not support SEYMOUR and BLAIR. There is no foundation for the statement. Everywhere they are giving evidence, through their political organs and committees, of their hearty satisfaction with the nominations made by the New York Convention. As an example of this general satisfaction among the Germans we print below three resolutions adopted by a very largely atended meeting of the General Committee of the German Democratic Union party of New York, held last week. Oswald OT-TENDORFER, editor of the Staats Zeitung, resided. The following are the resolu

Resolved, That we heartily indorse the nominations of the Democratic National Convention, and that we shall do all in our power to secure the election of Hora-tio Seymour, the foremost man in the ranks of the Democracy of the Empire State, and of Francis Preston Blair, the brave and gifted warrior of the Union. tending that vote are taken into consideration, the charges of the Journal against Mr. Hendricks fall to the ground. The Winter Davis bill, as it was known, providing for the reconstruction of the Southern States had passed the House and was before the Senate for consideration. That bill contained many objectionable features. It disfranchised a large portion, we may say the majority a large portion of the large and large portion of the large try, and its happiness and progress, and that we consider it an imperative duty to put an end to radical republicanism for all

Lebanon meeting, and says that the statement that there were five thousand people for a Provisional Governor, who was there is simply untrue. The Journal's correspondent first said there were only about twelve hundred people present. It now says there were two thousand Missouri, was to strike out all after the Make another statement Mr. Journal, and you will perhaps come nearer the truth still. Which of the Journal stories are its readers to believe? The twelve hundred or two thousand? How about Dalton township? Has the reliable correspondent of the Journal succeeded in finding the exact locality of Dalton township?

The noise and bluster, rant and cant of the Journal over the two magnificent Democratic meetings in this city, and the the funeral services of GRANT and CoL-FAX in the Court House yard, is most truly refreshing. The Journal says in effect that the Republican party has not resorted to misrepresentations of meetings of their opponents. That is cooler than Arctic sods. Let every one who attended the magnificent Seymour ratification meeting of last Saturday, read the Journal's account of it the following Mon-

The following extract from a speech o Governor SEYMOUR in 1862, is a sufficient response to every calumny as to his position during the war: "Now, when the men of the South make the bayonet and the sword the arbiter (they elected and not we); when they determined to settle it with blood, and not we-the sword, so far as the present is concerned, must be the arbiter; and in our strong arms it shall make vigorous and true blows for the life of our country, for its institutions, men of the South, and to the whole world that looks on, witnesses to the mighty events transpiring in this country, that this Union shall never be severed-no, never! Whatever other men may say, as for the conservative people of this country, and as for myself, as au individuallet other men say and think what they please—as for the division of this Union and the breaking up of that great natural alliance which is made by nature and by nature's God, I never will consent to it-no, never, as long as I have a voice to

raise or a hand to fight for this, our native land." Has Never Dehied It. Some of the radical papers having ventured to deny that General GRANT, in 1861, said: "If the Government designs using its soldiers to execute the purposes of the abolitionists, I pledge you my word as a soldier that I will carry my sword to the other side, and cast my lot with that people," the Cleveland Plaindealer replies:

Down on Morton,
The Cincinnet Commercial don't relish Senator Monton's repudiation of the gold plank in the Chicago platform, and Senator Morton's repudiation of the gold plank in the Chicago platform, and hauls his excellency over the coals for describing the principles of his party and facing on his ewa record. Says the Costmer of the second contant customers, were Martin facing on his ewa record. Says the Costmer of the Secondary Cost of the Secondary C

The following circular, addressed to the continuous, has been usued by the soand the "Union Republican Congressional Committee" levying a tax for radical electioneering purposes, a copy of which we have already published, but we again reproduce it to show the desperate means Others we suppose are assessed a much higher sum, graded we suppose according

Sire—The Republican National Committee and the Union Repuplican Congressional Committee, being profoundly impressed with the importance of vigorously prosecuting the ensuing political campaign, apply to you for an immediate contribution of thirty dollars.

contribution of thirty dollars.

All in sympathy with the purposes of the Republican party will readily understand that expenses must be incurred for organization, documents, and speakers, in successfully conducting a presidential campaign. The funds contributed will be judiciously expended.

Communications should be addressed to Thomas L. Tullock, Secretary, Washington, D. C., and will be promptly acknowledged.

dged. William Claffin, Chairman; William E. Chandler, Secretary, Republican National committee.
Edwin D. Morgan, Chairman, Union
tepublican Congressional Committee.
Robert C. Schenck, Chairman; Thomas
L'ullock, Secretary, Union Republican
congressional Executive Committee.

The Postmaster to whom the foregoing appeal was addressed made the following ust and curt reply: P. O., LEBANAN, Ind., 20, 1868. Thomas L. Tullock, Secretary Union Re-publican Congressional Executive Com-mittee, Washington, D. C.:

DEAR SIR—Your circular, calling upon me for a contribution of \$30, is before me. I most respectfully decline making such a contribution, from the fact that I have a contribution, from the fact that I have just given all the spare stamps I had to a Seymour and Blair ratification meeting, and I do not propose deserting the Democratic banner to assist you at this time; but would refer you to some of the rich bondholders, National banks, etc., of our country, who, perhaps, could spare you of their semi-annual gold interest to the amount of \$30, without its materially injuring them; or that charitable institution, the Freedmen's Bureau, might give you \$30 worth of charity, but I can not, after contributing to my own friends, afford to make you any contributions whatever.

Hoping there may be very few of my brother P. M's, that will suffer themselves to be duped out of their money by your I am, sir, yours, for Seymour and Blair, J. W. Kisz,

Assistant Postmaster. How the Platform and Nominations Are Received.

Spirit of the Indiana Democratic

SEYMOUR AND BLAIR.—The nomination of Horatio Seymour and Frank P. Blair for President and Vice President of the

A Noble Sentiment. The following noble and manly sentiment, uttored by General FRANK BLAIR, the Democratic nominee for Vice President, will find a response in every true American heart:

American heart:

"The first duty of a Democratic Government should be to vindicate American honor in the matter of the imprisonment and punishment as felons of American citizens in England and Ireland on suspicion and without proof. The prisoners should be demanded at the cannon's mouth, with proper spologies and a sufficient indemnity for the outrages."

A writer in the Congregationalist proposes a remedy for sleeping in church. He says: "Take a piece of horse-radish root of good size, and of a finger's length, to the sanctuary, and the moment the sermon begins, put a piece in your mouth about the size of a common corn bits and moisten it faithfully, with the salive, and the eyes will not only be easily kept open, but a tearful attention may also be promoted, to the exclusion of drowsiness till the sermon ends."

It is a simple though a sad law of hu-man nature, that to give men arbitrary power always corrupts them. The folly of the honest among the radicals consists mainly in their in the constant

of the nonest among the radicals consists mainly in their ignorance, or their disregard of this law. Like all fanatics, they fancy that the inquisition in their hands would redound only to the glory of God, and that, like the hand of the artist in his art, the hand of the radical in his radicalism must be always appear. reproduce it to show the desperate means to which the party in power intend to resort, to accomplish their ends. A similar circular addressed to a Postmaster in Virginia, demands a contribution, "an immediate contribution of \$2." The circular which we copy demands a larger sum, "an immediate contribution of \$30." offered to tyranny and to thievery. Here is one case out of hundreds daily laid before us:

Others we suppose are assessed a much higher sum, graded we suppose according to other receipts of the office. If the Postmaster at Lebanon is assessed \$30, we suppose the Postmaster of Indianapolis is called upon to fall for \$300, or upwards. The following is a verbatim copy of the circular addressed by the political radical, sheets at Washington to all the Postmasters in the United States:

Washington, D.C., July 17, 1868.

Postmaster, Lebanon, Indiana:

Sire—The Republican National Committee and the Union Repuplican Congressional Committee, being profoundly impressed with the importance of vigorously prosecuting the ensuing political political procession, in this way enabled to

a share in it, and the real culprits were, very possibly, in this way enabled to make their escape.

Meanwhile the provost-marshals and other public functionaries of the satrapy were let loose on all people of suspected proclivities. They arrested a number of persons, white and black, and proceeded to "extract testimony" from them by the same means which Sharpe, Archbishop of St. Andrews, employed in his inquisition into the ill-deeds of the Scottish Covenanters. Of course, the "truly loyal" officers of the Freedmen's Bureau in Georgia meant to serve the State. Of course, also, Sharpe meant to serve the Church. But the torture of the honest Presbyterian failed permanently to build Church. But the torture of the honest Presbyterian failed permanently to build up the Church in Scotland. And we venture to doubt whether the State is likely to take much benefit from such proceedings as those whereof the accompanying apidawit gives us a plain recital. Let us merely note in addition that the infamies herein set forth were perpetrated in the name of the "Freedmen's Bureau" upon a helpless but honest negro by order of Major General Meade:

STAPLER'S AFFIDAVIT. Muscogee County, State of Georgia.

John Stapler, being duly sworn, says, on the 14th of May, 1888, he was driving a wagon in the peaceful pursuit of his business, when a United States soldier came up to him and seized him, leaving his wagon and horses in the street, without anybody in charge but a how who had wagon and horses in the street, without anybody in charge but a boy, who he (Stapler) induced to mind them while he was under arrest. He was then taken to the military guard-house in Columbus, detained there about one hour, and then carried under guard to the Muscogeo depot, and taken thence to Savannah in company with John Wells, James Barber, and Wade Stevens. Remained at Savannah in the guard-house about an hour and a half; we were taken thence to the steamer and carried to Fort Pulaski. After some delay we were carried in, one at a time. Deponent was carried to a cell, and there confined. After being in the cell about one hour and a half, Whitley, a Government detective (the same man and there confined. After being in the cell about one hour and a half, Whitley, a Government detective (the same man who has since frequently visited us at McPhorson Barracks, Atlanta,) and Captain Cook, who commands at Fort Pulaski, came to the cell and unlocked it and made deponent come to the door, when Captain Cook directed his orderly to search thorough the person and pockets of deponent. Whitley and Captain Cook then spoke together, and Captain Cook then spoke together, and Captain Cook ordered the barber sent for to shave deponent's head in one hour! Deponent was then put back in cell. In about an hour he was brought out, blindfoided, carried down into a room, seated in a chair and the bandage taken from his eyes. Then he was asked by Whitley "if he ever was discoursed by a minister before he was put through," and he said he had an order from General Meade "to put him through," and then asked Captain Cook bo allow him a little while before he put deponent through, to which Captain Cook replied he would not do it. Whitley in sisted, and at last Captain Cook consented to give Whitley fifteen minutes by

His qualifications are recognized by both Republicans and Democrats. He is well known by reputation all over the United States, and his skill and ability, as either a legislator or an Executive-officer, can be denied by mone. He is a man who see provate character is above reproach. His spotless integrity, his unimpeachable veracity, his scholarly attainments, his eloquence, his statesmanship, furnishes a contrast to the corruption, the untruthfulness, the ignorance, the dumbness and incapacity of his competitor, U. S. Grant. General Frank P. Blair, our candidate for Vice President, is one of the bravest and truest soldiers of the numerous host who fought for the Union in the late war. He served as a Lieutenant in the Mexican war; was twice elected a member of the Legislature of Missouri, from the city of St. Louis. He was elected to Congress in 1856, and served for three terms in that capacity. He has been promoted from a contrast to the cannon to his hand, and wherever deponent turned, the cannon to his hand, and wherever deponent turned, the cannon to his hand, and wherever deponent turned, the cannon to his hand, and wherever deponent turned, the cannon to his hand, and wherever deponent turned, the cannon to his hand, and wherever deponent turned, the cannon to his hand, and wherever deponent turned, the cannon to his hand, and wherever deponent turned, the cannon to his hand, and wherever deponent turned, the cannon to his hand, and wherever deponent turned, the cannon to his hand, and wherever deponent turned, the cannon to his hand, and wherever deponent turned, the cannon to his hand, and wherever deponent turned, the cannon to his hand, and wherever deponent turned, the cannon to his hand, and wherever deponent turned, the cannon to his hand, and wherever deponent turned, the cannon to his hand, and wherever deponent turned, the cannon turned, the cannon turned, the cannon was ranged in with his tail. Great eredit is due to the tintrepedity of the genule with his time, from his, the had lashed in time,

13, 1868. JOHN KING. Notary Public.

At a recent meeting of the New York Board of Health, Dr. Stephen Smith called attention to the custom of street sprinkling during the summer months, and remarked that it was very injurious to the public health, because in the evaporation which immediately took place, a large amount of poisonous organic matter arose and was widely diffused, and undoubtedly created various forms of disease. He suggested as a remedy that such action be taken as would require the street sprinklers, to use suitable disinfectants in the water once or twice daily, and thus convert a very insanitary occupation into a serviceable asnitary measure. This method has already been adopted in some other cities, with very excellent results. It is evident that street filth is far less deleterious when dry than when moist, and hence during the extreme heat of the summer months, sprinkling furnishes one of the two conditions that are absolutely necessary, before decomposition can take place, namely, moisture; and as sprinkling is most frequent on hot days, it is plain that it can not take place without ausing an amount of decomposition that would not otherwise occur. This is a subject well worthy of attention at this time. It is addition to preventing dust from anneying the people during the dry summer months, the city can be made more healthy by the use of a proper disinfectant, such a system should at once be adopted. We hope our Board of Health The Public Health, When a young man in some of the old countries goes a courting, the first question the young woman asks of him is the young the people during the dry to more healthy by the need of a proper distinguishing young the people during the dry to more healthy by the need of a proper distinguishing young the people during the dry to more healthy by the need of a proper distinguishing young the people during the dry to more healthy by the need of a proper distinguishing young the people during the dry to more healthy by the need of a proper distinguishing young the people during the dry to more healthy by the need of a proper distinguishing young the people during the dry to more healthy by the need of a proper distinguishing the people during the dry to more healthy by the need of a proper distinguishing the people during the people during the dry to more healthy by the need of a proper distinguishing the people during the dry to more healthy by the need of a proper distinguishing the people during the dry to the people during the dry will investigate the people during the dry to more healthy by the need of a proper distinguishing the people during the dry will investigate the people during the dry

THE GREAT SNAKE. Violent heath of the Big Serpent near Trium He is Skinned and Staffed, and is to be Presented to President

It would seem that Mr. J. L. Scales' ac ount, in the Nashville Banner, of the big snake said to have been seen near Triune, Tennessee, was not such a sealy story after all. Below we give another letter from Mr. Scales, in which he describes the killing of the monster. The Banner tells us that a negro living near Triune remembered that, some thirty years ago, a boa constrictor escaped from one of the cages of a menagerie which passed through that neighborhood, and this boa constrictor, and Mr. Scales' "Triune monster," are supposed to be one and the same:

TRIUNE, July 14, 1868. TRIUNE, July 14, 1868.

To the Editor of the Banner: My letters to you on the subject of the "big snake," seem to have excited more attention than I dreamed of, especially as so many express doubts as to the correctness of my statements. Even you, yourself, seem to think that I am only trying the gullibility of the public. I would not now come to you again, even with a the gullibility of the public. I would not now come to you again, even with a sworn statement, did not I have proof that will convince the most skeptical, all burlesque and special telegrams to the contrary notwithstanding. "Truth is stranger than fiction," and if a man only believes what he sees, how little of history would be recorded.

But I am able to offer to a doubting public that proof, namely: the monster himself, in propria personæ, for we have seen him, the very snake that has created such an uproar. However, I will proceed with my narrative, and give you a plain, unvarnished statement of the facts:

facts:

I wrote you, on the 8th inst., that the serpent had broken the box and cleared for the woods. This created a great deal of consternation in the community, and the neighbors got together and devised some means to put an end to him. On a close examination of the box it was discovered that they had put a defective plank in it, it being wind-shaken from one end to the other, and thus, when the captive began to surge, he soon started this plank, and was then able to break out. The hole in the ground was now securely stopped, and every one present out. The hole in the ground was now securely stopped, and every one present determined to make it their business to hunt him up and destroy him. They felt it necessary for their safety. Strong bands, well armed, went together and scoured the woods, beat the thickets and scarched closely everywhere until they began to despair of success. But when they least looked for it, fortune smiled upon their efforts. Some mile and a half or two miles from the den live a Mr. Isaac Neily and a Mr. Irvine, close neighbors. Yesterday morning, Mr. Neily walked over to Mr. Irvine's, carrying with him his gun, an Enfeld rifle. Finding Mr. Irvine in his field, nea ly at the top of the his gun, an Enfield rifle. Finding Mr. Irvine in his field, nea ly at the top of the hill, at work, he called to him, and Mr. Irvine and he seated themselves on the fence, with their guns (for no man now went without one) near them. Mr. Irvine's was a common squirrel rifle. They had talked sometime here when they became aware of a peculiarly musky odor pervading the air. They had felt it at first, but it did not excite their attention until it became sickening it its power. until it became sickening it its power Mr. Neily looked around unconsciously

who fought for the Union in the late war, the served as a Leieuteant in the Mexithe Legislature of Missourf, from the city of St. Louis. He was elected to Congress in 1856, and served for three terms in that capacity. He has been promoted from a capacity. He has been promoted from a separity. He has been promoted from a separity and the separate of the server seeing While years of the control of the server seeing While years and thoroughly tested, and has never been found wanting in the power to ably maintain the cause that he espoused.—RockesWith pow announce to the people of Symner the nomination of America's greatest statesman, and most accomplished esholar for President, Hon. Horatio Symnour. The man who will beat frame who has a thimble full of brains, and who is not steeped to his eyes in radical prejudice, that Governor Seymour has no perform as a christian goalteman and earnest particle.

He was Governor of the Empire State during the darkest period of the residuent for the residuent in the season of the prediction of the residuent in the period of the residuent in the season of the propied of the residuent in the season of the season o

the heat of all.

There are so many shares in it its captors have agreed to make a present of it Andrew Johnson. This determination was arrived at in the face of a very liberal offer sent for it by Messrs. Wall & was arrived at in the face of a very liber-al offer sent for it by Messrs. Wall & Handy, of Franklin. Now, in order to pay expenses there, as soon as it is in traveling condition, it will be exhibited in all the large cities between here and Washington, commencing in Nashville the first next week.

"My Brethren."

It is charged as something awful that Governor Seymour spoke to the New York rioters as "my friends." What! exclaims our patriotic radical, address mobocrats, draft resisters, orphan asylum burners, as "friends!" Dreadful! But we have heard of something still more shocking. A well known radical prescher, in addressing the convicts at the Jeffersonville penitentiary, a few Sundays ago, spoke to them repeatedly as "my brethren." Isn't this awful? In that crowd were the guiltiest wretches that ever escaped the gallows—murderers, perjurers, forgers horse thieves, burglars, garroters, bigamists—men who had committed every crime prohibited by the decalogue—men who had been ostracised by society and placed under the ban of the violated law. And yet these murderers, perjurers, forgers, bigamists, burglars and horse thieves were repeatedly addressed by this radical minister of the gospel as "my brethren!" What are we to think of such a person? How ought he to be regarded? Is he a fit associate for honest people? Should he be admitted to the society of the virtuous and the pure? These are important questions. This radical clergyman may be a candidate for effice one of these days. Can anybody vote for amon who spoke of and to penitentiary convicts as "my brethren?" Nary time!—New Albany Ledger.

When is a donkey like a bullet? When he's led (lead.)
When is a man like a looking glass? When he reflects.
What quadrupeds are admitted to balls, operas and dinner parties? White kids. Sometimes the goats go with them.
Did the same popular saving "Who's Sometimes the goats go with them.
Did the same popular saying, "Who's
your hatter?" originate in the days of
"What tiler?"
What is that which a man may have

never possessed, and yet leave behind him? A will. If an elephant can travel eight miles an hour, and carry his trunk, how fast could he go if he had a little page to carry it for him? him?
Why is Chang the laziest man in the world? Because on account of his great height, he lies the longest in bed.
If Adam had asked Eve for a kiss, could the latter, without profanity, have replied, "I don't care, Adam, if you do?"

Merry Makings. WANT OF RESPECT.-A kiss on the fore head denotes respect and admiration; on the cheek, friendship; on the lips, love. The young men of our acquaintance have not much "respect" for young ladies. A HAPPY THOUGHT.—In "Paradise Lost," the devil calls his infernal legions the "flowers of heaven." The old sinner probably means the flour of sulphur. A Pious Pun.—A man may declaim about religion without having much of it. It doesn't follow that a man's stomach is full of food because he talks with victuals

AN ANCIENT M. D.—The oldest doctor in the world, Professor F. Verdugo, Sala-manca, Spain, died lately, aged 105 years. He had practiced medicine for eighty Just So .- You are disappointed when you go to dinner expecting to find a sad-dle of mutton, and get nothing but the cold shoulder.

A man could carry on his back forty years ago the Southern mail from New York City to Jersey City; now it requires eight four-horse teams to do that service. A Southern gentleman has contributed some fans, made from Confederate currency, to a ladies' fair in Hingham. It is the only way he has been able to raise the wind on them.—Commercial Bulletin. MEAN MILKMAN.—The following is Aunt Betsy's description of her milk-man: "He is the meanest man in the world," she exclaimed. "He skims his milk on the top, then turns it over and

> AN ELEGANT ELEGY, "The grass is green on Billy's grave,
> The snow is on my brow,
> But I remember still the night
> When we two drove the cow."

The latest novelty is a parasol that can be used as a parasol, a veil or a bonnet. ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.

Notice of Appointment. District of Indiana, SS.: At Wabash the 13th July, A. D., 1868. THE undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of Levi B. Rose, of Wabash, in the county of Wabash and State of Indiana, within said District, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said District.

EDWIN L. BRENTON, jy18 d3wltaw Assignee.

INSURANCE. Indianapolis Insurance Comp'y CHARTERED, 1886.

Capital, - - - \$500,000 Corner Virginia avenue and Pennsylvania stree

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WM. HENDERSON, President.

ALEX. C. JAMESON, Secretary. my5d&w3m

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Mice-No. 27 South Meridian Street

In Bankruptcy.

This is to give notice that on the 20th day of July, A. D. 1888, a Warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the estate of Timothy O. Martin, of Atties, in the county of Fountain, and State of Indiana, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition: That the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him is forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts and choose one or more Assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 24½. East Washington street, in the city of Indianapolis, in said District, before John W. Kay, Register, on the 24th day of August, A. D. 1888, at 9 o'clock a. M.

BEN. J. SPOONER,

In Bankruptey.

THIS is to give notice that on the 20th day of July, A. D. 1868, a Warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the estate of Andrew G. Selman, of Indianapolis, in the county of Marion, and State of Indians, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition: That the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any broperty by him is forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts and choose one or more Assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 24½ East Washington atreet, in the city of Indianapolis. In said Bistriet, before John W. Kay, Register, on the 17th day of August, A. D. 1898, at 9 o'clock A. M.

BEN. J. SPOONER,
jy22-d2t

1868, at 9 o'clock A. M. BEN. J. SPOONER, U. S. Marshal, District of Indiana, 1922-d2t Messenger.

INDIANAPOLIS MARRIED

Ladies, who during certain periods are so much troubled with Costiveness or Constipation, can find certain relief in Roback's Blood Pills, which can be taken during all stages of pregnancy with perfect safety. Sold by all druggists hverywhere.

MEDICAL.

SCROFULA

And all diseases of the blood, and all eruptive diseases of the skin, Old Sores, Tamors and Ul-cers, arising from whatever cause, can be perma-nently cured by the use of Dr. Roback's Blood Purifier and Blood Pills.

Sold by all druggists everywhere

UNPRINCIPLED

Dealers often recommend other bitters because they have not Roback's. We desire to caution the afficted against purchasing any of them; buy Roback's Stomach Bitters and none other, if you would combat disease successfully.

Sold by all druggists everywhere.

All persons troubled with Costiyeness or Constipation of the Boweis to buy Roback's Blood Pills; they contain no mercury, are purely vegtable, and work like a charm; can be taken with safety by persons of all ages, and in all conditions of life.

Sold by all druggists everywhere

WANTED

LADIES

Of sedentary habits who require a gentle purga-tive, will find Roback's Blood Pills just the med-icine they want; they are perfectly safe, and can be taken stall times; they contain no mercury or mineral poison, but are purely vegetable. For sale by all druggists everywhere.

LIVER COMPLAINTS,

CIRCULARS, Jaundice, and all affections of the Liver are soon removed by the use of Roback's Stomach Bitters and Blood Pills; they are composed of vegetable Sold by all druggists everywhere.

Arises from a disordered state of the stomach and bowels, and a bilious derangement of the liver, and can be permanently cured by the use of Ro-back's Blood Fusifer and Blood Pills. Full di-rections accompany each bottle and box.

DYSPEPSIA.

BLANK WORK

MERCHANTS AND COUNTY OFFICERS,

LARGE BLANK BOOKS District of Indiana, 88 : At Indianapolis, the District of Indiana, 88 : Market of July, A. Will someth their interests by salling at the The Assault Section and of Robust's Blood Pills, Sentine) office Parises, are

> All Drigging Everywhere. Je25 danen

Who Sells Them?

the met her with at her her to the R. J. BRIGHT, Proprietor.

SICK HEADACHE

For sale by all danggists everywhere

CONVALESCENTS

We are prepared to do all descriptions of Pos-ter Printing. Particular attention given to Col-ored Printing. Should use Roback's Stomach Bitters to strengthen the prostration, which always follows acute diseases: it will be found far superior as a stimulating tonic to and of the wine and bark preparations of the present day.

Sold by all druggets everywhere. Book and Pamphlet Work.

NEURALGIA

PILES.

Sold by all druggists everywhere.

NICHTMARE

## TERMS OF THE DAILY.

The Indianapolis Daily Sentinel

Issent by all the early morning Express Trains and delivered to subscribers in adjacent towns about the same time it is distributed in the city of its publication. This enables readers at a disance from the Capital of Indiana to get the news of the day from six to twelve hours before they can receive it through papers published elsewhere. The papers can be had of news dealers and carriers at any of the railroad towns on the roads centering at Indianapolis.

THE WEEKLY SENTINEL Is published every Wednesday, at \$2 per annum, may No paper sent without the money, nor con-tinued a longer time than paid for.

## INDIANAPOLIS RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

Columbus and Indianpolis Line.

TRAINS LEAVE. ARRIVE. Lightning Day Express. 3:00 a. m. 2:05 a. m Mail and Express. 10:10 a. m. 7:30 p. m Richmond Accommodat n 4:00 p. m. 12:45 p. m New York Night Express. 7:30 p. m. 7:30 a. m Sunday Express. 7:30 p. m. 7:30 a. m Cincinnati via Cambridge and Connersville. Cincinnati via Richmond.

Cleveland, Col., Cin. and Indianap'lis Railroad. (Late Bellefontaine Railway.)

Madison Railroad. Jeffersonville Railroad.

Night Express .....

Lafayette and Chicago Railroad. 

Cincinnati Railroad.

hage box—we smelt it airst and examined it afterward. On the steps of the rickety buildings were whole crews of tenants, lodgers and children. Old men smoking place, old worre. bage box—we smelt it is not and examined it afterward. On the steps of the rickety buildings were whole crews of tenants, lodgers and children. Old men smoking pipes, old women smoking pipes, children crying, playing or sleeping, the two extremes, but none of middle age, nor any youths. A surly question from a tall, gaunt Irishman, with a long nose and short pipe, was pleasantly answered, and we entered the building. It is built of wood, and is so very shaky that we wonder how it weathvery shaky that we wonder how it weathered the thunderstorm of a fortnight since. On the first floor front we found a very nice respectable family, from the mother of whom we borrowed a lamp, and proceeded up stairs. In one of the rooms was an old woman, who was about spreading on the short and narrow floor, the beds for her expected lodgers. The fire was yet burning in the stove, the low ceiling compelled us to stoop, the apertured applogy for a window in the slanting window admitted only a stench, and

best they could.

We went into all the rooms. Some of them were dark and vacant. In others the occupants, varying from two to five stults, with from three to eight little ones, were variously occupied. It can not be an easy matter for our readers to imagine the odorific features of the place. The rooms are all small, none of them are well yentilated; in some the fire was yet

sworn, and wished for the day.

The rooms are all small, none of them are well yentilated; in some the fire was yet burning, and the small of fish, potatoes, garlie and whisky, intensified the field by gill and whisky and the boxes. To live in the close and slokening rooms was difficult, to breath without being made ill was a physical impossibility. Sleep out of doors was not pleasant. Bad and poor as were the beds and accommodations of the rooms, they were preferable in point of convenience to the cooler stones of the court, and they could not go in. So they remained out and kept up as well as they could, and the red sun of the morning foundscores of them pale, weary, and discouraged, exactly where the charact moon of midnight had left them. It was quite clear that the magnates of the subject of the color of the rooms, they where the charact moon of midnight had left them. It was quite clear that the magnates of the subject of the color of the rooms of the room

of rookeries there should be pulled dewn to-day.

As we turned to leave, an old man who occupies one of the rooms of the top floor was disposed to question our right thus to enter a respectable man's castle, and couldn't quite restrain his ire at the sight of the officer's shield, while a cheerful virago—age forty-two, native Irish, complexion flushed—with one child at the breast, four in the step-ladder business, and an uncertain quantity behind her, shouted out, "Arrah, bejabers, and what is it yez wants in here, at this time o' the night, coming into a dacent man's house as if he was a pick-pocket; agh, get out to the rear of Nos.

31 AND 33 JAMES STREET,

31 AND 33 JAMES STREET. Wo found a deeper depth and a worser worst. On the sidewalk in front the overheated people who had the strength to leave their pens were huddled in groups, but we knew that they were the vanguard of the vast army of tenants in the dark. We passed along the gloomy entrance until we reached a little square, and in the center of which was a little hydrant, some fifteen hove about a dozen girls. worst. On the sidewalk in front the overheated people who had the strength to leave their pens were huddled in groups, but we knew that they were the vanguard of the vast army of tenants in the dark. We passed along the gloomy entrance until we reached a little square, and in the center of which was a little hydrant, some fifteen boys, about a dozen girls, five or six women, and at least half a dozen bables. Borrowing a candle, we entered a distressed looking building, the heat of which was unbearable by any mortal but a tenant or a reporter, or a policeman or a salamander, and prepared to see and smell. In the front room we saw three men smoking, two women washing, one woman nursing a baby, half a dozen children of the regulation ages a hot stove, a table with a resently used supper service, two beds, and one or two chairs. The people are respectable, but very poor, very thick, very hot, and very uncomfortable. On the floor above we knocked at a door. It was opened and a haby knocked over, Picking the youngster up, we saw she had be sobbing, and a glance at the hard-feet. So showed us why. The floor of the wretched apartment was broken in many places; the celling was how, dark with smoke, and nasty with dirt; the walls were fairly filthy. A sullen-looking man sat on a chair, tipped on its hind legs, and with his Panama hat pulled over his features, and his dress indicated that he was a visitor, not a lodger. Four women lounged lazily about the seems. They were all about twenty-five years of age hard, bad, weked leeking

Four women lounged leadly about the seem. They were all about twenty divergence, they were all about twenty divergence. The Cineinnast Engineer, derying the seem. They were all about twenty divergence, they were all about the National Democratic Convention says however, that "a regular speciment of the National Democratic Convention says however, that "a regular speciment of the National Democratic Convention says however, that "a regular speciment of the National Democratic Convention says however, that "a regular speciment of the National Democratic Convention says however, that "a regular speciment of the National Democratic Convention says however, that "a regular speciment of the National Democratic Convention says however, that "a regular speciment of the National Democratic Convention says however, that "a regular speciment of the National Democratic Convention says however, that "a regular speciment of the National Democratic Convention says however, that "a regular speciment of the National Democratic Convention says however, that "a regular speciment of the National Democratic Convention says however, that "a regular speciment of the National Democratic Convention says however, that "a regular speciment of the National Democratic Convention says however, that "a regular speciment of the National Democratic Convention says however, that "a regular speciment of the National Democratic Convention says however, that "a regular speciment of the National Democratic Convention says however, that "a regular speciment of the National Democratic Convention says however, that "a regular speciment of the National Democratic Convention of th

moralizing text in their red-spotted skin, their plaintive sobs, and their evident longing for rest somewhere. On the floor above we saw, indeed, a

SORRY SIGHT. As the door opened and a fresh gust of smellific sultriness was added to the bouquet we already had, we glanced into the room, which could not have been more than twelve by eight feet. On the floor lay and snored a red-faced woman, whose unfastened clothing betokened a familiarity with other localities, as her whiskyladen breath indicated a too great fondness for the "O be joyful." In the corner on a table lay and snored another person, a woman at least sixty years of age, lean, for regular subscribers, when delivered by carrier or agent, per week. 25c and in the content of a divered to city subscribers at 25 cents per veek. If paid strictly in advance, \$12 per and um will be charged. \$21 per and um will be charged. \$21 per and units and the person, as seall eleters, whether for publication or on a usiness, must be addressed to R. J. BRIGHT, Inlandon in the seal of the apartment came regularly at the content of the person, and her contributions to the general noise of the apartment came regularly at the content of the person, and her contributions to the general noise of the apartment came regularly at the content of the person, and her contributions to the general noise of the apartment came regularly at the content of the person, and her contributions to the general noise of the apartment came regularly at the content of ted limbs and sunken chest. She was do-ing a big job in the way of snorific sleep, and her contributions to the general noise of the apartment came regularly at the rate of one each second. A pretty-faced girl of eighteen or twenty, with a pleas-ant eye, a full, round arm, a broquey tongue, leaned on the handle of a broom, and said, by way of apology:

"ITS THE BUGS That drive us, sir—the old lady can't sleep at night on account of the bites, so she sleeps earlier, and this other lady she's just come in, sir. I do day's work, and then come here to help the old woman she's my aunt, sir."
The old woman felt the oppressive heat,

The old woman felt the oppressive heat, and probably conscious of our intrusion, woke suddenly, and called out at the top of her feeble voice, "What d'ye want, ye divils ye, what d'ye want? Get out, get out!" We regretted that we had aided "the bugs" in disturbing her rest, and endeavored to apologize, but she wouldn't hear a word, and we ignominiously retired at the risk of breaking our necks. By ten o'clock the people began to pour out UPON THE SIDEWALKS

in this vicinity. We counted on one block in this street one hundred and ten adults, and one hundred and sixty-seven children, of whom more than one hundred are under the age of ten. Many of them were asleep, but the majority of sat and sweltered. At least half a dozen through the remark was made. times the remark was made, "the bugs drive us out." So it seems the poorer classes are subjects of the bugs. The big bugs swindle them, the creeping bugs bite them—it's a pity they don't rise in their might and do away with the humbers.

bug.

From ten o'clock at night until early dawn the side-walks, the handcarts, the shutters, the doorways, the halls, every available or get-at-able place are covered by these people, who are "driven by bugs," and oppressed by heat, until they can stand it no longer, and in desperation seek the poor shelter of the street for relief.

Of course, suffer the most., The little ones are unable to understand why they are so uncomfortable, and when they turn to their natural protectors for comfort, they not unfrequently meet rebuffs, petulance, or even blows. No man can tell or begin weather. They were stricken down like sheep with the rot; they have died like the victims of cholera, and as day after day of terrible heat was succeeded by night after night of unbearable sultriness, discouragement gave way to despair, and drunken debauchery hastened the sudden death of many a victim.

Many of us have read of the famous

DOUBLE ALLEY Tenement in Cherry street, owned by Mr. Sweeney. We went through it last night,

streets would not have suffered this week by the slightest comparison. And the at-mosphere, faught it was literally awful, not to say offal. A smell can not well be described—its effects can, and when the fact is recorded that the writer had less dinner on his stomach when he came up than when he went down, the apprecia-tive reader will readily apprehend the point.

Decency, sexual distinction, modesty, personal caution, and all that sort of thing, which ordinarily mark the living and ing window admitted only a stench, and faint with the heat, the smell and the sir, we were glad to escape.

In another room we found two women and three children. The room was perhaps ten feet by siz. The story of the pale-faced women was prief; their husbands were dead, these children and themselves were left with nothing, the baby was put out by the day to board, the others did as best they could until six at might, and then, hot and tired, and discouraged, the women returned, gathered their children together, cooked what they had been able to get, and then stifled through the hot watches of the night as best they could.

We went into all the rooms. Some of the single size of the manafested, and the living of men and women, are of course out of the question here. There is, and can be, no such thing as delicacy, no such sentiment as modesty. One and all tumble into the cellar, pay each this or her ten, fifteen, or twenty cents, according to the style, and then turn in. The place is dark, the beds touch one another, the men are coarse, and rude, and tired, the women are low and blunted in every moral sense, the children are used to it, and orgies such as decent men have never dresmed of are frequently enacted there, the women is such that the properties of the question here. There is, and can be, no such thing as delicacy, no such sentiment as modesty. One and all tumble into the cellar, pay each this or her ten, fifteen, or twenty cents, according to the style, and then turn in. The place is style, and then turn in. The place

I was, says he, no less delighted than surprised to meet the plain American words "my wife." A wife! well, my dear Marquis, I can scarcely refrain from smilling to find you caught at last. I saw that you had swallowed the balt, and that you would be as surely taken one day or another, as that you were a philosopher and a soldier. So your day has at last come. I am glad of it with all my heart. It is quite good enough for you. Now you are well served for coming to fight in favor of the American rebels, all the way across the Atlatite Ocean, by extching that dreadful contagion, domestic felicity, which, like the small pox or like the plague, a man can only have once in his life, because it commonly lasts him (at least with us in America; I know not how you manage these matters in my heart to make against Madame de Chastellux and yourself is, that you may neither of yon ever get the better of this same domestic felicity, during the entire course of mortal existence.

Berave Act of an Archbishop.

Course of mortal existence.

Brave Act of an Archishop.

Victor Hago has in his study at Hauteville, on the Isle of Guernaey, a crayon sketch of a bishop with a cross, which he has drawn himself, and under which he has written the following words:

"Wooden cross, golden bishop; golden

Buffalo.

Receipts; flour, 2,382 barrels; wheat, 4,150 bushels; corn, 114,380 bushels; oats, 8hipments; Flour, 1,459 barrels; wheat, 715 bushels; corn, 61,790 bushels; oats, 52,400 bushels.

Milwankee Market.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

INDIANAPOLIS, WEDNESDAY EVENING, July 22, 1868. The following are the quotations of Govern-ment bonds, gold, etc.:

The exports of specie to-day was \$203,-000.

Governments lower.
Coupons of 1881, 15½a115½; ditto 1862, 114½a114½; ditto 1864, 111½a111½; ditto 1865, 112¾a112½; ditto new, 109½a109½; ditto 1867, 109½a109½; ditto 1868, 109½a 109½; 10-40s, 108¾a109½; 7-30s, 109.

Stocks, more active and higher, closing firm, though hardly up to the highest point of the day. The main feature of the day is the use of 3½ per cent. in St. Paul common. This advance was stimulated by the report of a large prospective dividend. The Commercial says the Erie company has sold to J. S. Morgan & Co., and Stern Brothers, 300,000 pounds sterling bonds of the loan negotiated by Mr. Pearson, but not then fully taken. Bonds have been sold at 103, and on condition that the proceeds shall be devoted to the improvement of the road, the larger portion of the amount being used for the purchase of steel rails abroad.

The following are the 5:30 p. M. quotations:

tions:
Terre Haute, 45½; ditto, preferred, 67½;
Prairie du Chein, first preferred, 106;
Missouri, 91½; old Tennessee, 65½; new
ditto, 65½; new Virginia, 54; North Caro-

ditto, 65%; new Virginia, 54; North Carolina, 73%.

Mining Shares quiet; Gregory, 425; Smith & Parmelee, 380; Quartz Hill, 105.
Balance in the Sub-treasury, 891, 989, 128; conversions of 7-30s to-day, \$496,700; disbursements, coin, interest, \$451,000; exports for the week, exclusive of specie, \$2,638, 195.

New York Market. NEW YORK, Wednesday, July 22. Cotton opened quiet and steady, but closed dull, heavy and lower; sales of 500 bales at 31a31 1/2c for middling uplands,

Flour: Receipts of 2,991 bbls fresh ground; prices a shade firmer and in fair demand; old dull and declining; 7,900 bbls at \$6 25a6 80 for superfine State and western; \$7 70a8 25 for extra State; \$7 70a 9 75 for extra western; 10 25a12 30 for white wheat extra; 8 10a12 50 for round hoop Ohio; 8 75a10 00 for extra St. Louis; 10a14 50 for good choice ditto California; for buyers 10,000 sacks at 9 50a12 25.

Rve Flour, steady: sales of 350 barrels Rye Flour, steady; sales of 350 barrels at \$7 50a9 85.
Corn Meal, quiet.
Wheat is a shade firmer, with only a

Inoderate business, chiefly for home use; sales of 37,000 bushels at \$1 85 for No. 2 spring; \$2 for No. 1 ditto in lots; \$2 32 for amber State; \$2 35 for amber Western; \$2 40 for white Canada; \$2 55 for white Rye is quiet; sales of 150 bushels new

Opis active and a shade firmer; receipts, 1,000 bushels; sales of 110,000 bushels at 83% a84c for Western in store, chiefly inside price; 86c afloat, 85c to arrive.

Rice dull.

Coffee firmer; sales of 1,200 bags Rio at %c advance. Sugar dull; sales of 380 hogsheads ('uba at 11% a12c.

Hops quiet at 10a30c for American. Petroleum quiet at 17½c for crude, 34½c for refined in bond. or renned in bond.
Wool, in good request; sales of 380,000
pounds at 42a53c for domestic fleece, 42a
44c for pulled.
Coal quiet and unchanged.
Leather moderately active and unchanged

changed
Provisions: Pork firmer and quiet;
sales of 1,050 barrels at \$28 20a28 30 for
new mess, closing at \$28 25 for regular;
\$28a28 25 for old ditto; \$22a22 75 for prime,
and \$24a24 25 for prime mess. Beef steady
and unchanged, with sales of 150 barrels.
Beef hams dull at \$27a33. Cut meats
steady; sales of 325 packages at 12\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\frac\

nominal, Lard a shade firmer; sales of 975 tierces at 16½a17½c for steam, and 17¾a18½c for kettle rendered. Butter; Fair demand at 25a32c for Ohio. Cheese; Steady at 11a15½c. Freights to Liverpool lower; Engage-ments per steamer for 15,900 bushels of wheat at 6½d.

LATEST MARKET--FIVE P. M. Flour, shade firmer on fresh ground and low grades.
Wheat, quiet and firm at \$1 85a1 86 for No. 2, and \$1 85a1 98 for No. 1 spring.
Rye, quiet at \$1 75a1 80.
Oats, steady at 83½c in store and 85½c

Flour less active and firmer; \$7 30a10 25 Yonkers and New York Ins. Co.,

MILWAUKEE, Wednesday, July 22. Milwacker, Wednesday, July 22.
Flour active and higher; sales of choice Minnesota at 10a10 25; ditto Wisconsin and Iowa at 8 75a9 25; medium at 8a8 50.
Wheat inactive and unsettled at 2 10 for No. 1; 1 76 for No. 2.
Octs scarce and nominal at 71c for No. 2.
Com less firm at 91c for No. 2.
Receipts—Flour 600 barrels; wheat 5 Receipts-Flour, 600 barrels; wheat, 5,-000 bushels; oats 1,000 bushels; corn, 1,000 bushels. Shipments—Flour, 1,000 barrels; wheat, 4,000 bushels; corn, 500 bushels.

MEMPHIS, Wednesday, July 22. Cotton market bare; receipts none; ex-Flour dull; superfine nominal. Wheat, sales at \$1 65a1 75.

BALTHOUS, Wednesday, July 22. JASON DAME, American and Italian Marble. TO. 60 BAST WASHINGTON STREET, to

Whisky, firm at 35a40c it bond, according to age.

"10-40's. 1.08% 1.09%

28 90.
Groceries steady.
Butter firmer and in light supply at

Eggs 17a1sc.

Hay firm at \$15a16 on arrivil.

Linseed Oil firm at \$1 06a1 6.

Lard Oil in good demand;sales of 360

bbls at \$1 30 for No. 1 and \$1 3 for extra.

Petroleum steady at 35a37cfor refined

New York Dry Goods Marlet.

New York, Wednesday, Jly 22.

The dry goods market remains rather quiet, but firm, as there are nosurplus stocks offering.

Hoavy brown sheetings like Indian head and Appleton A bring 17½; Zarroll. 17c; Medford, 16½al7c; Exeter A, 14c; Boolt's S, bleached, command 15c, and Langdon 16c, being an advance of ½c. Low priced tick and stripe has been moving more freely and are wort! ½a½c. noving more freely and are wortl/4a½c per yard more. Many new dlaines bring 20c; printed calicos, 143414½c. Linen is in better request andirmer. Linen coatings are dull, while urlaps are selling below cost—say lc pe ounce or 10a11c for 10a10½ ounce goods.

bursements, coin, interest, \$451,000; exports for the week, exclusive of specie, \$2,638,195.
Canton, 47a47½; Cumberland, 30a33½;
Wells' Express, 25a25½; American Express, 47¼a48; Merchants' Union Express, 47¼a48; Merchants' Union Express, 24¼a24½; Quicksilver, 23¼a23½; Mariposa preferred, 9a9½; Pacific Mail, 100½a100½; Atlantic, 30; Western Union, 35¾a35½; New York Central, 134a13½; Erie, 68¾a68½; ditto preferred, 74¼a75½; Hudson, 139a141; Harlem, 124; Reading, 95¾95½; Ohio and Mississippi, 30¾a30½; Wabash, 53a53½; St. Paul, 78¼a78½; ditto preferred, 84¾a84½; Michigan Central, 117a119; Michigan Southern, 92¼a92½; Illinois Central, 131a132; Pittsburg, 87¾a 88; Toledo, 103¼a103½; Rock Island, 107½ a107½; Northwestern, 84½a85; ditto preferred, 84¾a84½; Fort. Wayne, 110¾a 110½; Hartford and Erie, 16½a17.

New York Market.

Toledo Market. Toledo Market.

Louisville, Wednesday, July2. Tobacco; sales of 95 hogsheads at 616c. Flour; Sales of superfine at \$6 254 75. Wheat; Sales at \$1 85a2.

Wheat; Sales at \$1 85a2.
Corn; Sales at \$5c.
Oats; Sales at \$2a83c.
Rye; Sales at \$1 45a1 50.
Provisions: mess pork \$28 50; baon
shoulders 13a13½c; clear rib sides 16[c;
clear sides 17½c; bulk meats and shqlders 12c; clear sides 16c. Lard; Sales at 18a184c. River still falling with 3 feet 9 inchesin the canal by mark, Weather cloudy and very warm.

CLEVELAND, Wednesday, July 22. Flour, steady at the following quotations: XX red winter city made \$11 50, 11 75; ditto country made \$10 50a11; XX spring city made \$10a11 50; ditto country made \$10 810 50a11; XX spring city made \$10a11 50; ditto country

Wheat; No. 1 red held at \$2 09.
Corn; sales of 2,000 bushels to arrive this week at 95½c, and one car of ear at 91c on track.
Oats, steady at 72c.
Rye market dull and inactive, held at \$1 75a1 80 for No. 1.

Barley market nominal, Petroleum, firm and demand good; re-ined 31a31% for standard white. Rye is quiet; sales of 150 bushels new crop Jersey at \$1.77%.

Barley and Barley Malt, quiet.
Canada Peas are more active and irmer; sales of 20,500 bushels at \$1.000 bushels at \$1.000 bushels; corn is scarce and about 1c better; sales of 68,000 bushels at \$1.001 loy; for mixed Western afloat; \$1.12 for high mixed, nearly yellow; \$1.12 for old mixed Western in store, and \$1.00 for inferior white Western and \$1.00 f

Philadelphia Market. PHILADELPHIA, Wednesday, July 22. Wheat dull and drooping; sales of good rime red at \$2 20a2 25; white, \$2 40. Flour dull and weak.

Rye, sales at \$1. Rye, sales at \$1.

Corn comes in slowly but unchanged.

Outs steady and unchanged.

Provisions unchanged.

INSURANCE.

MARTIN, HOPKINS & FOLLETT,

Insurance Companies, AND ARE PREPARED TO INSURE DESI-rable Property to any extent which may be

Insurance Co. of North America, OF PHILADELPHIA.

Cash Capital \$500,000 Cash Assets January 1, 1868 \$2,066,412 77

Continental Insurance Company, OF NEW YORK.

International Insurance Comp'y OF NEW YORK.

OF NEW YORK.

Enterprise Insurance Company, OF CINCINNATI.

Merchants' Insurance Company, OF CHICAGO, ILL.

City Fire Insurance Company, HARTFORD, CONN.

North Western Mutual Life INSURANCE COMP'Y.

MILWAUKEE, WIS. Capital, none......(Purely

monthly claim in the logant, day, remain of action, durable; sixth adfect francism of action, and prevents their colds, it also a certain preventative and redical cure for all Female Diseased. Befull price 28 and 34. Forwarded free on receipt of price, (yith he canta purpose, 16 and price), (yith he canta purpose, 16 and price), (yith he canta purpose, 16 and price). Also, on sale at all respectable druggists. Also, on sale at all respectable druggists. Address, "Bandanah Hanufacturing Company," Frincipal Depot, 549 and 64 Reseatury, New Lords. BANKRUPTCY. In Bankruptcy. This is to give notice that on the 20th day of July. A. D. 1868, a Warrant in Bankruptes was issued against the estate of Benjamin H. Williams of Indianapolis, in the county of Marion and State of Indiana, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition: That the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt to him, or for his use and the transfer of any property by him is formal the transfer of any property by him is formal the transfer of any property by him is formal the transfer of any property by him is formal the transfer of any property by him is formal the transfer of any property by him is formal that a such that a meeting of the creditors at the said bankrupt, to prove their debts and choose one or more Assigness of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptoy, to be believed to Indiananolis, in said district, before John W. Ray, Register, on the 19th day of August, A. D. 1868, at 9 o'clock A. M. BEN. J. SPONER.

U. S. Marshal, District of Indiana, jugg-day

Luisnt 31878 Mun Syru (ASSET SBRUCHES)

Cincinnati Market.

OINCINNATI, Wednesday, July 22.
Flour, in moderate local demand at as some fresh made family.
Wheat, steady at \$2 for old No. 1.
Corn, dull; market 3c lower; closing at 88c for ear and shelled.
Oats advanced, closing at 77c for No. 1.
Rye; sales at \$1 50al 55.
Cotton, dull at 30c for middling.
Whisky, firm at 35a40c ia bond, according to age.

The first tendency of the firs

ORK STORE.

GLENNS' BLOCK

INDIANAPOLIS, INDIANA.

Having Sold our Building, and Must Give Possession September 1.

# The money market is quie at 7a9 per cent; demand light. Gold 1424, buying. The weather continues very lot and oppressive, interfering with trad to a great extent.

At a Tremendous Sacrifice, on and after Tuesday, the 19th Instant.

TO SHOE CUSTOMERS.

If you want to save money, buy your Boots and Shoes at No. 23 East Washing

Wholesale Houses. Our work come from first hands, and made for consum

FURNITURE.

WASHINGTON ST.

INDIANAPOLIS

WILKENS & HALL

PAPER COLLAR.

. E. FORTH. B. A. BEMIS. J. W. GOODRICH

SPRINGFIELD, MASSACHUSETTS,

BEMIS'

For Sale by the Trade Generally.

PLUMBING.

CONRAD NEAB,

Formerly with Cottrel & Knight,

Plumber, Gas and Steam Fitter,

No. 70 North Illinois Street.

BUSINESS RESPECTFULLY SOLICITED

HAVE this day sold all my stock of Fixtures
Tools, etc., to Conrad Neab, and respectfully
request my eld customers to give him their pa
tronage.

Myle dam

INSURANCE.

IN LIFE INSURANCE GET THE BEST.

THE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE

Office: - . Over the Bee Hive Store

THIS COMPANY HAS-February 1, 1868-The largest number insured. 52,384 Policies.
The largest amount of Assets. 25,319,319 of
The largest annual income from 8,857,985 of

IT HAS PAID

IT SHOWS

States.

It is the most equitable Company in the world, and offers superior advantages in all the features of the business, combined with unequaled finan-

VINEGAR.

PURE CIDER VINEGAR

A. W. FOX & CO.,

BUFFALO, NEW YORK.

The largest annual cash dividend,

COMPANY OF NEW YORK.

W. & H. GLENN.

FRUIT JARS.

Spencer's Patent Self-Sealing FRUIT JAR, CARPETS, WALL PAPERS AND WINDOW SHADES, AND A The easiest to

Open and Close. Took first premium at New York State and County Fairs, 1867, over all competitors will produce the greatest and most perfect vacuum without which FRUIT will not keep well. This Jar has been thor-oughly tested in the market PATENT. CHESTE

t your interest and buy no other but th ton street. Mesers. E. H. Mayo & Co. buy the big pile of Shoe Stock they sell, SELF-SEALING JAR. directly from the best Manufacturers, and having no Jobbers' profits to pay, can sell lower and furnish better goods than those retailers who purchase of

COLEMAN & BARNES, Proprietors, Rochester City. H. H. WEST & CO., Agents. TOBACCO WORKS.

ers. Mayo's Shoe Store is deservedly HOOSIER TOBACCO WORKS. popular house, because they sell only the best goods at the lowest market prices. Visit this establishment, 23 East Washington Street. feb4 d6m

Manufacturers and dealers in all kinds of

J. CAHALL & CO.,

West Pearl Street, near Canal.

Having recently fitted up a

New Establishment Forthe manufacture of all the best brands of

PLUG TOBACCOS

or Our facilities are throughout the city and and not to be excelled in the Northwest. NOWDANNI DAPER COLLAR COMPANY BLACKING.



Patent Shape Collar & Cuff, TO A FRONT ST PH It Shines for All! For Sale by all Dealers.

WESTERN LANDS. Western Lands and Taxes.

THE attention of persons owning Lands in I lows, and other Western States, is called to the fact that Taxes for the last year are now delinquent, and are drawing a heavy rate of interest as pensity. The undersigned has been, for twelve years, engaged in the payment of Taxes and redemption of Lands in the Western States for non-resident owners, and still solicits business from owners for the sale and general care of their Lands.

LUTHER R. MARTIN.

Land Agent,
myl8 dltaw3m&w3m Indianapolis, Ind.

MILITARY. W ESTERN MILITARY INSTITUTE, DAY TON, O.—A Collegiate and Preparatory Institution for the general education of boys. By Lt. Col. Joseph M. Locke, U. S. A. & C. E., Super intendent. Capt. Chas. B. Stivers, U. S. A. Commandant of Cadeta. The seventh semi-annul session will open September 10th, 1868. For announcements and copies of regulations, address Byt, Lt. Col. Joseph M. Locke, U. S. A. & C. L. Superintendent W. M. I., Dayton, Ohio. 1921 deod6w

COMMISSIONER. LUTHER R. MARTIN,

COMMISSIONER IN INDIANA

Maine,
Nev Hampshire,
Massachusetts,
Connecticut,
Rhide Island
Nev York,
Pennsylvania,
Mayland,
North Carolina,
Alakama,
Missispi,
Florida,
Loubiana,
Texm,
Kentucky,

Will acknowledge Deeds, Mortgages, Powers of Attorney, and other writings, and administe Oaths, take Depositions, Affidavite, etc., to be recorded or used in any of the above States an

MEDICAL. EXCLUSIVELY FOR LADIES LA BANDANAH,

No. 106 South Illinois Street.

CLEVELAND.

CARPETS, WALL PAPER AND WINDOW SHADES.

Preparatory to Invoicing, we will Sell our Entire Stock of

AT COST, FOR THE NEXT THIRTY DAYS.

GALL & RUSH,

101 East Washington Street, Opposite the Court House.

FOREST CITY LAMP WORKS. KIMBALL & SMITH, PROP'S. Manufacturers and dealers in all kinds of Railroad, Eaggage and Hotel Checks, Hand and Signal Lanterns, Locomotive Head Lights, and all kinds of Vessel Signal Lights an Glass for repairing the same. No. 15 Frankfort street,

GARDNER, BURT & OVIATT, PRODUCE Commission Merchants, Proprietors UNION GRAIN ELEVA TORS, (capacity 250,000 bushels,) Salt Lime, Plaster, Fish, etc. Receivers and shippers of heavy

eights.
Liberal cash advances made.

je8 d8m CLEVELAND, OHIO.

je8 d6m CLEVELAND, OHIO. CLEVELAND BRASS AND PIPE WORKS, 59 and 61 Center Street. TATE, WORSWICK & HAYES, Brass Founders and Finishers, Manufacturers and Dealers in WROUGHT INON PIPE

IRON FITTINGS, And Brass Goods, for Steam, Water Gas and Oil. je8 dly Cleveland File Works,

JOHN PARKIN, - - PROPRIETOR, Nos. 23 and 25 Columbus Street, CLEVELAND, OHIO. FILES AND MADDE

Established in 1852.

A. & H. FISH & CO., Manufacturers and dealers in Lumber, Lath And Shingles.

Yard No SCarter Street, between Sen-eca St. and C. C. and C. R. R., je8 d8m CLEVELAND, O.

Forest City Varnish Co., VARNISHES. And Liquid Dryers, Painters' Fluid, Gasoline from 70° to 85° gravity, Ohio Turpentine, Booling Pitch, Dead Oil and Paving Cement. Also, dealin Paints. Oils. Turpentine, Glass, etc

Office 196 Superior Street,

CLEVELAND ELLIPTIC CAST STEEL SPRING-WORKS CORLETT BRO.'S & CO., Cast Steel Springs,

(Of extra temper.)

For Rattroad Cars, Buggies, Etc.,

je8 d3m CLEVELAND, OHIO.

Cor. West River and Second Sts., jes dly CLEVELAND, OHIO. CALVIN CARR, State Rolling Mill Co., Bar, Band and Hoop Iron, Plain and Galvanized Sheet Iron. Orders respectfully solicited.

CINCINNATI.

Office and Warehouses, 85 and 87 Merwin Street, e8 d9m CLEVELAND, OHIO.

je8 d8m



BRIDGE CASTINGS, Girders, Tanks, Gas and Holders, Nos. 274, 276 and 278 West Front St. CINCINNATI

DISTILLERS. Distilleries, Star Mills, Peoria, Illinois and Kenton county, Kentucky, janki denimosaori, Kentucky,

Burrato, Pebruary 17, 1807.

Mr. Horico William Sir: I have carefully ANHOOD. Another New Medical investigated your process of making vinegar, and have also subjected to describe analysis percent fool Times says of this work. This have also subjected to describe analysis years established to the cause and cury of premise analysis. The process insures the production of cline shows how health is impaired the cline shows how health is impaired through server abuses of youth sand manhood, and how carly regained. It gives a clear symposis of the impediments to marriage, the cause and affects of nerver dealing, and the remedible therefor. A pocket cition of the above will be forwarded in the second of the above will be forwarded in the second of the above will be forwarded in the second of the above will be forwarded in the second of the above will be forwarded in the second of the above will be forwarded in the second of the above will be forwarded. jyl8 dly

MEDICAL. DR. WM. THOMSON'S

Office and Consultation Parlors are located as No. 29 South Delaware Street.

WHERE he will continue to treat and cure Private Diseases, in all their species at ages, ramifications and phases.

Dr. Wm. Thomson will give to each patient a written instrument, binding himself to effect a radical and permanent cure, or make no charge.

Dr. Wm. Thomson has made the treatment of Private Diseases of the treatment of

Dr. Wm. Thomson has made the treatment of Private Diseases a specialty since the year 1851—three years in the city of Buffalo, New York, eight years in Chicago, Illinois, and two years in Peoria, Illinois. During eight years practice in Chicago, Illinois, he cured over thirteen thousand cases.

Dr. Wm. Thomson, in his practice for Scrofula, Rheumatic and general diseases of the blood, uses a Fumigating Vapor Bath of the most ingenious kind, in conjunction with internal treatment.

uses a Fumigating Vapor Bath of the most ingenious kind, in conjunction with internal treatment.

SEMINAL EMISSIONS, the consequence of self-abuse. This solitary vice, or deprayed sexual indulgence, is practiced by the youth of both sexes to an almost unlimited extent, producing with unerring certainty the following train of morbid symptoms, unless combatted by scientific medical measures, viz: Sallow countenance, dark spots under the eyer, pain in the head, ringing in the ears, and noises like the rustling of leaves and rattling of chariots, uneasiness about the loins, weakness of the limbs, confused vision, blunted intellect, loss of confidence, diffidence in approaching strangers, a dislike to form new acquaintances, a disposition to shun society, loss of mamory, heetic flushes, pimples and various eruptions about the face, furred tongue, night sweats, fetid breath, coughs, consumption, monomania, and frequently insanity.

The afflicted, on the first appearance of any of the above the proposed of the service of the service of the cough of the cough of the cough of the cough of the service of the

PIANO FORTES. C. A GEROLD & CO.,

Piano Manuacturers.

W E invite the public in general to call and examine our stock of Pianos, which, in workmanship, durability, touch, richness, depth, and brilliancy of tone, are unsurpassed by any other, and at prices less than can be purchased elsewhere combining the same qualities.

\*\*Experience\*\* Instrument warranted for the space of five years.

\*\*Experience\*\* Tuning and Repairing promptly attended to.

\*\*myled dam\*\*

MEDICAL. Thirty Years' Experience in the Treatment of Chronic and

A PHYSIOLOGICAL VIEW OF MARRIAGE.

The cheapest book ever published—containing nearly three hundred pages, and one hundred and thirty fine plates and engravings of the anatomy of the human organs in a state of health and disease, with a treatise on early errors, its deplorable consequences upon the mind and body, with the author's plan of treatment—the only rational and suc-essful mode of cure, as shown by a report of cases treated. A truthful adviser to the married and those contemplating marriage, who entertain doubts of their physical condition. Sent free of postage to any address, on receipt of twenty-five cents in stamp or postal currency, by addressing Dr. LA CROIX, No. 31 Maiden Lane, Albany, New York. The author may be consulted upon any of the diseases upon which his book treats, either personally or by mail, and medicines sent to any part of the world.

DISSOLUTION. Dissolution of Partnership.

THE partnership known as M. Byrkit & Sons was mutually dissolved on the 31st day of January, 1868. M. Byrkit having rented to John W. and Edwin M. Byrkit the Planing Mill and all appurtenances, the business will be continued by them under the firm name of M. Byrkit & Sons, and all accounts will be settled by them. M. Rypkit & M. Rypkit & M. Rypkit & Sons, and all accounts will be settled by them.

Having rented my Planing Mill, corner of Georgia and Tennessee streets, to John W. and E. M. Byrkit, I would most respectfully thank the public for their kind patronage for the past twenty-five years, and solicit the same kindness be extended the new firm. All persons knowing themselves indebted will please call at the bifice of M. Byrkit & Sons and settle up, as I wish to close up my business. MARTIN BYRKIT. CRAPES.

RESTAURANT.

CONRAD LEHRRITTER. JOHN A. LEHRRITTER

C. LEHRRITTER & CO.,

CAPITAL SALOON

AND RESTAURANT.

No. 14 East Washington Street,

(Martin Hug's old stand.)

H AVING fitted up the Capital at great expense for a Saloon and Restaurant, we particularly invite the public to give us a call, as we intend to keep our Bar well stocked with the best Liquors, Wine, Aie, Cigars, etc., and our Restaurant well supplied with the very best the market affords. In fact we intend to keep a first class house, and give satisfaction to our patrons.

sep21 dly

THE CELEBRATED Walter Grape. A FTER twenty-five years experience with the A present tender and late varieties, we know the WALTER, now first offered, will restore confidence in grape raising. It never rots. Its abundant sugar raisins it in-doors or on the vine; is a great grower and bearer, now contains 146 elusters of bloom; is very compact in cluster at the East, which is an advantage in marketing. We have not known the foliage to mildew. It succeeds in dry and very wet soil. Is a seedling of the Delaware, crossed with the Diama, and better than either. Ripens before the Hartford, therefore the earliest, hardiest and best variety. No. 1, one year, \$5 each, in advance. Orders filled in rotation, while supply lasts. No charge for packing. Send stamp for beautiful cut and opinions of many vineyardists.

FERRIS & CAYWOOD,

jylédáwlm

Poughkeepsie, N. Y.

Safe and Lock Co. Manufacturers of

CHAS. GRAHAM, Manufacturer of IRON BRIDGES, Bridge Bolts.

BOYLE, MILLER & CO., CINCINNATI, OHIO, Liquor Merchants.

LIVERY STABLE. EXCHANGE LIVERY AND SALE STABLES

INDIANAPOLIS, INDIANA.

Horses Boarded by the Day, Week or Month.

Berkshire Life Insurance Company, of Pitts-Stoneware and Glassware-Allen, Abbey & Co. Hair Work-F. J. Medina.

In Bankruptcy-George B. Scribner.

Business Notices. Good Furniture at the auction room of Wm. E. Featherston.

Prof. Christy's Hair Lotio. Trotting match at Camp Morton to-day.

# MARION COUNTY DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

State Senators. DR. HENRY F. BARNES. JOSEPH W. NICHOL. Representatives. OTTO BETTICHER.
JOHN FEHRENBATCH.
JOHN H. WILEY
DB. WILLIAM COLLINS. Treasurer. MILTON SPENCER. Sheriff, RICHARD SIMPSON.

Criminal Prosecutor, JAMES L. MITCHELL Real Estate Appraiser. CICERO VANLANDINGHAM County Surveyor, BATES HOSBROOK. Coroner.

County Commissioner,

OLIVER JOHNSON

WILLIAM G. ELDER. For Assessor, (Center Township,)
DANIEL H. MERRYMAN. CITY NEWS

Democrats Take Notice. There will be a meeting of all the Young Men's Democratic Clubs of this city, and of the Democrats and conservatives of those wards in which no organizations exist, at Washington Hall, on Thursday evening at half-past seven o'clock, to make arrangements for the reception of Mr. Hendricks. It is very desirable there should be a full attendance. JOHN M. MYERS. County Committeeman Y. M. D. A. C.

A Small Blow from a Big Horn. Expecting a large and enthusiastic meeting at Masonic Hall, on last evening, in consequence of the various publications in the Journal and other papers, and anticipating from the strains of the band that paraded the streets in a wagon clad in bunting, that not a spot large enough to sit a locust could be found in that hall, I repaired there in advance of time and took a seat, and found the hall filled with

insect a locust could be found in that hall, repaired there in advance of time and took a seat, and found the hall filled with the county and the seat of the seat

Sixth District. Hon. Daniel. W Voorher inated.

The delegates to the Sixth District Congressional Convention met at the old Court House in Terre Haute at ten o'clock yesterday. Although strictly a delegate convention, there were a large number present who were not delegates, and the Court House was crowded, all the counties being represented.

Hon. A. G. Humphreys called the con-

vention to order, and announced that the

President of the Central Committee, Mr. Wm. G. Moss, would not be present. On motion of J. B. Otey, of Vigo, Judge Carlon, of Lawrence, was elected President. The Judge acknowledged the honor in a short but appropriate speech, during which he passed a handsome eulogy upon the candidates of the National Convention, speaking in the warmest terms of Mr. Seymour's devotion to the Constitution, in peace and war. He was a sober man and a statesman. The platform, he said, was all that any Democrat could desire, and he urged that, whatever preferences Indiana Democrats might have entertained, all should go heartily to work,

and stand shoulder to shoulder in the A. T. Lansing, of the Bowling Green Aurora Borealis, and Murray Briggs, of the Sullivan Democrat, were appointed Secretaries.

The following Committee on Resolu-

tions was appointed: Vigo-J. B. Otey. Vermillion-Wm. L. Naylor. Parke-H. G. Rice. Owen-W. E. Dittemore. Sullivan-Murray Briggs. Greene-Hugh East. Lawrence-Lycurgus Dalton. Monroe-J. H. Rogers.

Clay-James Ferguson. The following was appointed the Conressional Executive Committee: Vigo-J. B. Otev. Vermillion-Jacob Winstead Parke-W. B. Overman. Owen--I. H. Fowler. Sullivan-S. R. Hamill.

Greene--J. R. Isenhower. Lawrence--J. C. Carleton.

Monroe--Geo. Sheeks. Clay-John Hungate. The Convention then proceeded minate a candidate for Congress. Hon. Daniel W. Voorhees, Hon. Bayless W Hanna and Judge Franklin were nominated. Judge Franklin was withdrawn. On the first ballot Mr. Voorhees was nominated, receiving all the votes except seven-half the Vigo delegation -- given for

Mr. Hanna

from an insufficient culvert.

The Union Depot eating house is one of freedman into the periodical transfer from Orangeburg.

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The Union Depot eati

various districts: First District-Isaac J. Taylor. Second District-John B. Sullivan.

Third District-Henry Nelson. Fourth District-S. J. Affangranger. Fifth District—John P. Meikel. Sixth District—John Simpson. Seventh District-S. P. Daniels.

Eighth District-Fred Hillman. Ninth District-Oliver Keeley. Tenth District-E. J. Howland. Eleventh District - Dorman Davidson. Twelfth District-John Heofginn. And it is earnestly requested that all members attend this meeting if possible, as business of importance will come be-

E. J. HOWLAND, Chairman. I. J. TAYLOR, Secretary.

Meteorological reports for the Indianapolis Academy of Medicine, by W. J. Elstun, M. D., Meteorological Committee: Barom. Ther. Hygrom. Rain. 29.25 75.5 74.5 ......20.24 77. 72. ......29.25 92. 77. 0.00 in. Correspondence of the New York World.

Brace of Carpet-Bag Reverends-Types of the Class of Men who Pro note Radicalism in the South. CHARLESTON, July 1. Rev. T. W. Lewis is a white man. Rev

Rev. T. W. Lewis is a white man. Rev. B. F. Randolph is a thick-lipped, lustful mulatto. Both are preachers; both are professors in the Baker Theological Institute (colored), established here since the war; both are editors of an obscure, dirty, blasphemous, semi-Methodist, semi-political, all-radical little weekly published in this city, and called the Charleston Advocate; both are from States considerably north of this-Lewis hailing from Massachusetts and Randolph from Ohio; both are preachers of the M. E. Church, and leading men in what that church recognizes and supports what that church recognizes and supports as the South Carolina Mission Conferonce. Of course the membership is confined to the blacks, who have been allured by these "wolves in sheep's clothing" from the folds in which they were for-

from the folds in which they were for-merly nurtured.

Neither of these men could stand a suc-cessful examination in Webster's spell-ing book, or write what I would consider a creditable note; and yet both are duly registered as "Professors" in high-sound-ing departments of a Theological Insti-tution, whose catalogue is circulated in New England, and embraces a course of study before which even the students of Princeton and Andover might well tremrinceton and Andover might well trem

Lewis is not only editor and teacher in this school of the (black) prophets, but is Presiding Elder of the South Carolina Mission Conference, which, territorially, embraces the whole State, but ecclesiastically is confined to negro congregations scattered here and there from the sea-bourd to the Blue Ridge. Through all this extensive ministerial field he travels, like his illustrious prototype, "seeking whom he may devour;" the animus of all his labors being hatred to the native white population, a sentiment which he most assiduously endeavors to infuse into his

has who here the binum of better, and the binum of better, the binum of better, the binum of better, and the binum of better, the binum of better, the binum of better, the binum of better, and the binum of better, the binum of binum of binum of better, the binu

Committee on Building—W. Sheets, R. Parker, A. F. Noble.
Committee on Grounds—Hervey Bates, J. H. Vajen, W. P. Bingham.
The building of the Rink is to be commenced immediately.

A freight train of twenty-three cars was stracked by the Sheriff of Clay County at Bratil, for a judgment against the road on account of killing a horse. The sheriff looked the train to a side track, where it menalized until eleven o'clock yestenday, when it was released by payment of the claim.

A litigous old farmer of Clay county, named McKinley, has brought suit against the Terre Haute railroad for fast suit against the Terre Haute railroad of for six weaks, and the misfortune to get "chilled" and has been compolled to suspend operations for six weaks, and the misfortune to get "chilled" and has been compolled to suspend operations for six weaks, and the misfortune to get "chilled" and has been compolled to suspend operations for six weaks, and the misfortune to get "chilled" and has been ancessfully pears.

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A litigous old farmer of Clay counity, named McKinley, has brought and has been compolled to suspend operations.

A litigous old farmer of Clay counity and here the farmer has been supported to the suspend of the suspend operations for six weaks

made unsolicited in the presence of their attending physician and two United States soldiers as witnesses, solemnly affirm that Rev. B. F. Randolph, Ohio negro, preacher, editor, burnt district performer, constitution maker, and Senator from Oraceburg; suggested, authorized and ordered them to attack the Sheriff's party and release the burglars vi et armis. All this within a few weeks past, in General Canby's district and under Canby's eye, for the papers here have published the facts, and yet there is no military commission ordered to try this reverend professor for the murder of these two men, of which he is clearly guilty, if there is any truth in the law maxim: factly per allum, lacit per se. But when the pestilent Dill was killed in Kershaw, doubtless by some of his own party whom he had outraged, some of the best citizes.

cit per alium, lacit per sc. But when the pestitent Dill was killed in Kershaw, doubtless by some of his own party whom he had outraged, some of the best citizens of that locality were dragged from their homes by a detachment of Canby's soldiers and imprisoned here, where they are still confined, and it seems there is not a particle of evidence against them. But Randolph is a radicle, and instead of going to Castle Pickney and thence via a military commission to the State's Prison, goes next week to Columbia and occupies a seat in the Senate of South Carolina. And the same Randolph was a delegate from South Carolina to the Chicago Convention, giving the radical nomination to Grant and Colfax.

These are all facts, resting not only on

and Colrax.

These are all facts, resting not only on the unchallenged statements of the Charleston press, but on the records of the party in this city and State. And these two brothers in the ministry, from the high places assigned them by the party, must be among the best of the carpet-bag tribe. And if these be the best and fairest, what must thy worst be, O! Radica

Local items.

Lotio.—Of all the different preparations offered to the public for the preservation or restoration of the Hair, there is none within our knowledge which has acquired a reputation and popularity in the same length of time as the Lotio. This incomparable article is the invention of Professor Christy, of our city, who has devoted his life to the study and investigation of the cause and cure of Baldness and of Diseases of the Hair and Scalp. The result of his industry is embodied in the Lotio, than which no greater triumph in chemical discovery exists. The Lotio is not a dye, but acts as a tonic and bealthful the formula in the least the late of the cause and cure of and least the late of the la in chemical discovery exists. The Lotio is not a dye, but acts as a tonic and healthful stimulant to the hair, feeding the exhausted glands and infusing new life and vitality to the roots of the hair, promoting its growth and beauty by its soothing and healing qualities, which allay the unnatural fever that often exists in the scalp. Several gentlemen of our acquaintance have tested this preparation, and all unite in the testimony that it acted promptly, effectually and satisfactorily in every respect. It will, it fact, do more than is claimed for it by the inventor. Aside from its virtues ast remedial agent, it possesses the quality focation for union leaves at 12 moon. Set LEVELAND and ALLIANCE. "No. 1" reachee Pitaburg, Cleveland, Buffalo, Partisburg, Cleveland, Buffalo, Work and other Eastern points as TWO HOURS AHEAD—se of any other Line. "No. 2" lands its passengers in Pittsburg, Buffalo, Harrisburg, Bultimore, Washington City, Albany, Boston, Philadelphia, and New YORK from seven to 37 ELEVEN HOURS IN ADVANCE—se of the other route. Set ON ATURDAY "No. 3" will run through as usual, either via CLEVELAND or PITTS-BURG, arriving in NEW YORK or Tickets by way of CRESTLINE worth of the control of the other route. Set ON ATURDAY "No. 3" will run through as usual, either via CLEVELAND or PITTS-BURG, arriving in NEW YORK for Tickets by way of CRESTLINE worth of the control of the other route. Set ON ATURDAY "No. 3" will run through as usual, either via CLEVELAND or PITTS-BURG, arriving in NEW YORK for Tickets by way of CRESTLINE worth of the control of the other route. Set ON ATURDAY "No. 3" run to CLEVELAND or PITTS-BURG, arriving in NEW YORK for Tickets by way of CRESTLINE worth of the control of the other route. Set ON ATURDAY "No. 3" will run through as usual, either via CLEVELAND or PITTS-BURG, arriving in NEW YORK for Tickets by way of CRESTLINE worth of the control of the other route. Set ON ATURDAY "No. 3" will run through as usual, either via CLEVELAND or PITTS-BURG, arriving in NEW YORK for Tickets by w perfectly healthy. It is a preservative s well as a restorative, and no one wo would possess a beautiful head of har or who would preserve it in all its pristine, youthful luxuriance can afford to overlook the Lotio. We say to all, avcidthe poisonous destructive compounds which nly burn out the last vestige of life in the remnant of hair which remains, and try the healthful, invigorating and truly

comes off to-day, at two o'clock P. M., at 7.30 P. M. NEW YORK EXPRESS, be Driving Park. Quite a discounce of 11/10 P. M. (Daily.) arrives at Pittsburg.

We would call the attention of all who love the beautiful in art or nature to the great unreserved sale of Japanose and Chinese wares, enricaties, etc. at the rooms of A. L. Hunt, 85 East Washington street, to take place this day at ten lection, embracing some of the rarest and most exquisite articles of workmanship ever imported to this continent, surpasses in extent, variety and beauty anything o its kind ever seen in Indianapolis. As REAL ESTATE the sale is positively without limit, it is needless to say that this is an opportunity

Thousands of factories in various parts of the Union patronize Phalon's new perfume, "Flor de Mayc." We refer, of course, to olfactories, all of which are attracted toward that wonderful perfame as toward a universal (s)center.

There in a peculiar freelmess of SUGAR, COFFEE & SYRUPS.

HOMB

AUCTION. Insurance Company of New York.

Cash Capital and Surplus... 

SPECIAL NOTICES. American House, Boston.—THE LARGEST FIRST LASS HOTEL IN NEW ENGLAND .- Vertical Railwiy; Apartments with Bathing and Water conveniences connecting; Billiard Halls, Telegraph Office, and Cafe. LEWIS RICE & SON, Indies, take Particular Notice.

The real Velpau Female Pills. Warranted French. These Pills, so colebrated many years ago, n Paris, in overcoming Female Dis Fallig of the Womb, Whites, Green Sickness Supression, Retention, or Immoderate Flow of the Jonthly Discharges, Nervous and Spinal Affections. Pains in the Back and Limbs. Fatigue on sight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysteris, etc., and will effect a cure when all other mens have failed: and, although a powerful remdy, do not contain calomel, antimony, or anthing hurtful to the constitution. Sold by all

RAILROADS. fleveland, Columbus, Cincinnati INDIANAPOLIS RAILWAY,

(Late Bellefontaine Railway.) N and after June 1, 1868, Passenger Trains will leave INDIANAPOLIS, and arrive at pints named below as follows:

COLUMBUS, CHICAGO Indiana Central Railway.

THE SHORTEST ROUTE EAST FOURTRAINSDAILY Leave UNION DEPOT, Indianapolis, as follows:

scientific preparation of Professo Christy.
Sold everywhere at one dollar per bottle. Cincinnati Sunday Globe.

Good Furniture at Antion today, at Featherston's Rooms, a half-past nine A. M. A good family acquitting housekeeping, and are sciller at their columbus, via Pittaburg and Philadelphia, to New York, 11:15 A. M.; Baltimore, 8:40 A. M.; Washington, 250 A. M.

A SILVER PALACE Day and Night Car runs in this train from Columbus, via Pittaburg and Philadelphia, to New York, and an elegant Day Car via Bellair to Baltimore, without change. housekeeping, and are selling all their goods. Ladies specially it vited.

Trotting at Camp Morton to der Trotting at Camp Morton to-day.

A trotting match between the brown gelding Fox and the roan mare Flora

Commensular Flora (Sun-days excepted.) for Richmond, Connersular Brooks (Brooks) and Connersular Brooks (Brooks) and Commensular Brooks (Brooks) (Sun-days excepted.) for Richmond, Connersular Brooks (Brooks) (Sun-days excepted.) for Richmond (Sun-days excepted.) for Richmond

(Daily,) arrives at Pittsburg, of X: Pringinghore, 4:25 A. M.; Washington 5:15 A. M. Passengers by this trainal timore 214 and Washington 4% HOURS 11:10 A. J. W. S. Philadrian 4. 120 A. M.; Washington, 5:15 A. M. Passengers by this train reach Baltimore 2½ and Washington 4½ HOURS AllEAD of any other route.

STATE ROOM SLEEPING CARS run to Cadiz Junction, 313 miles, without change.

Berliekets for sale at Union Depot, Indianapolis, and all principal Railroad offices.

F. CHANDLER, Gen't Ticket Agent.

J. M. LUNT, General Superintendent.

je6 d3m

A. M., and half-past seven P. M. This col- ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE. SALE OF

BY ADMINISTRATORS.

BY virtue of an order of the Court of Common Pleas of Marion county, Indiana, made and entered on the 9th day of July, 1808, the undersigned, as administrators of the estate of Oliver W. Johnston, deceased, offer at private sale:

1st. The late residence of said deceased in the city of Indianapolis, situate in the south part of out-let 33, in said city, fronting 30 feet on South street, and running back 148 feet in depth. The improvements thereon consist of a large and convenient two-story brick dwelling house, with stable and other out-buildings. Hall building, to his new office, No. 19, West Maryland street, south side, sijoining his former residence.

18-dlw

The air advertises Phalou's "Flor De Mayo," the new perfume for the handkerchies. Delightful puffs of the article are encountered in every place of anusement, at every party, in every drawing-room. Tens of thousands of handkerchiefs diffuse the invisible evidence of its virtues in all directions, and "none name it but to praise." Sold by all druggiss.

Hume, Adams & Co. are doing an extensive business in the way of getting up Shades and in ornamental decration of business rooms, etc.; and they are also

AUCTION. AUCTION SALE

500 bbls. Hard and Soft Refined Sugars.

W E will sell at Auction, on Thursday, July 30, 19:9, commencing at ten o'clock A. M., at Warehouse No 34 Fourth street, on sixty days credit, for approved paper. 350 hhds, good to prime Porto Rico Sugar

500 packages Syrups, assorted qualities. 1.000 bags fair to prime Rio Coffee. NEWCOMB, BUCHANAN & CO.,

S. G. HENRY & CO., Auctioneers. Louisville, Ky., July 22, 1868. - jy22-d8t

MEDICAL. Purify Your Blood. USE

HURLEY'S SARSAPARILLA THIS is the pure and genuine extract of the root, and will, on trial, be found to effect a certain and perfect cure of the following complaints and diseases: 'Affections of the bones, Habitual Costiveness, Debility, Syphilis, Scrofula, or king's avils, etc., etc.

HURLEY'S AGUE TONIC.

Percetly reliable. The only remedy for Chills and fever that is or that can be depended upon is Hurley's Ague Tomic. There have been thousands cured by using it who had tried the usual remedies, without benefit; but in no case has Hurley's Ague Tonje falled to effect a cure. Hurley's Popular Worm Candy. As this is really a specific for Worms, and the best and most pals able form to give to children Perfectly tasteless. Any child will take it.

Hurley's Stomach Bitters. For Debility, Loss of Appetite, Weakness, Indi-gestion, or Dyspepsia, want of action of the Liver, or Disordered Stomach, there are no Bit-ters that can compare with these. For sale by all Druggists. NOTICE TO MOTHERS.

Infant 3 Soothing Syrup.

DR. SEABROOK'S

Indianapolis Business Directory.

DAYIS & WRIGHT, Auction and Commission Merchants, No. 88 East Washington street Consignments respectfully solicited. jyl6 dly

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Banking Office in Company's Building, corner Virginia avenue and Pennsylvania street.
W. HENDERSON, Pres't.
ALEX. C. JAMESON, Sec'y.
jylé dly SAVINGS BANK, 38 East Washington stree J. B. RITZINGER, (formerly of Fletcher Bank.) jyl6 dly

BELL & BRASS FOUNDRY PHENIX Bell and Brass Foundry. Schneider & Co., manufacturers of all kinds of Brass Works, 26 Union Railroad Track. jyl6 d3m

BOX MANUFACTURER. H. WHEATLEY, in Indianapolis. Doors Sash, Blinds, etc., made to order. Corne South and Delaware streets. jyl6 d3m

CARRIAGE MAKERS. MILLER, MITCHELL & STOUGH, Manufac turers of Carriages and Express Wagons corner Kentucky avenue and Georgia street.

B. C. SHAW, Carriage Manufacturer, Nos. 26 28 and 30 East Georgia street. jy18 d3m S. W. DREW & CO., Manufacturers of Carriages, Buggies, Shifting Top and Open Buggies and Spring Wagons, East Market Square.

V. BUTSCH & DICKSON, Dealers in Coal, Lime, Cement, Plastering, Lath and Hair, Plaster Paris. Georgia street, between Meridian and Pennsylvania. jyl8 d3m COAL AND SALT.

COAL.

M ASTEN & INGLE, Agents Saginaw and Bay Salt Works, and Wholesale and Retail Deal ers in Coal. Office 28 S. Meridian street. jyl6dly COMMISSION MERCHANTS G. HOLMAN, Commission Merchant is Fruit, Produce and Provisions, 6 Bate House Block. Consignments solicited. jyl6 d3r JOHN KARNEY, Commission Merchant and dealer in choice Family Groceries, 56 South linois street. Highest price paid for Country Produce.

DENTISTRY.

ILGORE & HELMS, Dentists; Office, Mil ler's Block, 70 North Illinois street. Laugh g Gas used in extracting teeth. jyl6 dly DRY COODS. TRADE PALACE"—N. R. Smith & Co., Job bers and Retailers in Dry Goods, 26 and 2 West Washington street.

HAIR WORK. P. J. MEDINA, Manufacturer and Dealer in Hair Jewelry, etc., 50 South Illinois street. jy23 d3m

HATS, CAPS, ETC.

H. BAMBERGER, dealer in Hats, Caps and Straw Goods, No. 16 East Washington jylédly THE One Price Hat Store. E. A. Seaton, dealer in Hats, Caps and Fur Goods, 25 North pyl6 dly HARDWARE.

DORSEY, LAYMAN & FLETCHER, Whole-saie dealers in Hardware, Cutlery, Edge Tools, Building Material, Rope, Axes, Blocks, Glass, Sash, Grindstones, etc., 64 East Washing-jyl6 d3m KNITTING MACHINES.

AMB'S Family Knitting Machine, A. W. Allen, General Agent. 18 North Delawar reet. Send for Circular and Samples. Agen jyld döm LICHTNING RODS.

MUNSON'S Copper Lightning Rod Works, In-dianapolis, 1nd., No. 62 East Washington street. jyl8 d3m LUMBER YARD. OBURN & JONES, dealers in Lumber, Lath Bhinsles, Pine, Oak, Ash and Poplar Flooring, etc. Yard North of Torre Haute Depot.

MEAT MARKET.

MERCHANT TAILORS. PREAT & CLAFLIN, Merchant Tailors, No. 3 North Pennsylvania street. jyl6 d2m

PHYSICIANS. F. RIDGEWAY, M. D., gives especial at tention to Nervous Diseases and those pecu-liar to women. Office 88 East Market street, jylö dly

PLUMBERS. JOHN G. HANNING, Plumber, Gas and Steam Fitter, 82 West Washington street, Indianapolis, jyl6 d3m

POWDER, GUNS, ETC. AMURL BECK, Agent for all kinds of Pow der, Rifter, Guns, and Sporting Apparatus poposite Odd Fellows' Hall, 63 East Washington BALLWEG, Manufacturer and Dealer in to Guns, Riffes, Pistols and Fishing Tackle to 105 West Washington street, opposite State jyl6 d3m

SADDLERY. M. HUFFER & SON, Saddle and Harness Makers, Ladies and Gentlemen's Riding Sad-dles, etc., 23 South Meridian street. jyki dly RAUER, BIELER & CO., Harness, Saddles, etc. Sole manufacturers of Spurgin's Spring Saddles. 109 East Washington street, opposite Court House.

TRUNK MANUFACTURERS BINKLEY, Manufacturer and Dealer in Trunks, Valises, Traveling Bags, etc., No. 20 South Illinois street. Trunks made to order. Jy16 dly

WATCHES AND JEWELRY. McLENE & HERRON, dealers in American and Foreign Watches, Diamonds, Fine Jew clry, Watchmakers' Tools and Materials, etc. Bates House Corner. jyl6 d3m (RAPT & PHIPPS, Watchmakers and Jewelers No. 14 North Pennsylvania street, dealers in Watches, Clocks, Jewelry and Silverware. Jy18 d3m

CEO, M. JENNISON & CO., Jewelers, (Established in 1830,) dealers in American and Foreign Watches, Fine Jewelry, Diamonds, etc., 24 East Washington street.

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Successors to Smith, Howard & Co., TRADE PALACE.

Offer their immense stock of

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School Books, Blank Books, Ink and Pens, Paper, Envelopes, Gold Pens, Etc., Etc.

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Wrapping Paper, Bonnet Boards, Window Paper, etc., etc.

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WHO has had several years' experience in Hotel keeping. The above named house has been repaired, refitted and reopened as a first class home for the traveling public and boarders.

Families will be accommodated with pleasant rooms, furnished or unfurnished. Board by the week day or meal, on reasonable terms. A trial is solicited.

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Gateways, Guards, Form and Cottage Fences Balconies, Verandahs, St-ble Fixtures, and Bedsteads. Also, Wire Railing, Window Guards, and other Orna-mental and Architectural Iron Work.

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my8 d3m

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Biggest Menagerie EVER IN THE UNITED STATES!

22 Massive Dens of Animals! Count them as they Pass in Procession! REST CIRCUS EVER IN INDIANA!

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THE Menagerie and Circus are exhibited in TWO SEPARATE APARTMENTS-ONE TICKET ADMITS TO BOTH. SPECIAL CARD.—The public will find the Zoological and Ornithological Departments a show in itself, more extensive than any in America, while The Circus will equal any which have hitherto been traveled through the country. It is not one of those imaginary consolidations with a few minor Animals, a small number of Horses and some Third Rate Mountebanks, but upon the contrary a GREAT ENTER-PRISE—all that is represented to be and advertised. Quite a number of living creatures, specimens of which have never before been brought either to Europe or the United States are included in the collection. Among which are the Sacred Double Humped White Camels; Cabiat Byra; S. A. Demon, or Man Destroyer of the Amazon; the War Elephant,

The Monster "ROMEO." Tallest and largest now in captivity and the "BABY ANNIE," The first Calf Suckling and only African Elephant ever brought here. This little but perfectly formed creature stands but 324 inches high, weighs but 420 pounds, and is but 19 months old

And 22 Cages of Animals of every kind and species, all in a fine healthy condition. THE CIRCUS comprises the best artists on this continent, led by the Best Female Rider in the world, M'LLE. ELIZA ZERN

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The Great Procession will take place Friay, July 31st, about half past nine A. M., and rill surpass anything of the kind ever seen in

Doors Open at One and Seven P. M. Admission 50 Cents to both Shows. Children under Ten Years of age, 25 Cents. ADAM FOREPAUGH

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Observation of Indians, within said District, who has been adjudged a bankrut upon his own petition, by the District Court of said District.

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And desting

Mind if a N in and humbers man gunera bolloo at the senting office.